Financial Results Briefing for Q1 FY2025

Recurring revenue is steadily expanding. New roadmap for OP income of 10 billion yen opens door into a new growth phase

February 13, 2025 GMO Financial Gate, Inc.

(Ticker: 4051, TSE-Growth)

19th IR Presentation



https://gmo-fg.com/



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Table of Contents

Main Agenda

- 1. Summary of Financial Results for Q1 FY2025
- 2. KPI / Business Highlights
- 3. Growth Strategy and Progress

Supplemental Information

- 4. Financial Information, Investment and Shareholder Return Policies
- 5. ESG Initiatives (Details)
- 6. Appendix



Summary of Financial Results for Q1 FY2025

1



1.1 Q1 FY2025 Summary

Recurring sales are steadily expanding. Initial was affected by large projects in the previous fiscal year, as well as decrease due to growth in IDs which do not contribute to terminal sales. Profit at each stage is progressing ahead of schedule against full-year targets

Q1 FY2025 ResultsP6

- Revenue: ¥4.58 bn (YoY+1.9%) Progress towards 1H forecast 47.4%. Progress towards full-year forecast 20.7%
- Operating Profit: ¥0.82 bn (YoY+69.1%) Progress towards 1H forecast 75.9% Progress towards full-year forecast 41.0%

Revenue Categories

- Initial Revenue: ¥2.56 bn (YoY▲12.0%)
- Recurring-Model revenue: **¥2.01 bn (YoY+27.6%)**

● KPI P12-15

- Transaction Volume (Number of Transactions): 0.23 bn (YoY+44.3%)
- GMV: ¥1.98 tn (YoY+36.4%)
- Number of Active Terminals (Q4): 393 K (YoY+67K, YoY+20.6%)

Business Topics

- Mid-term plan: Operating income of 10 billion yen in 2033 through "Core payment solutions" "merchant business DX", and "support increased payment activity" P18
- Profit growth cycle: Set three KPIs to accelerate actions towards operating income of 10 billion yen
- Spread: Secured double-digit growth while reviewing merchant portfolio. Aim for YoY +15% growth P10
- Organization Topics
- ESG: Developed a policy on human capital and disclosed on website. Aiming to improve corporate value through active investment in human resources

1.2 Summary of Financial Results

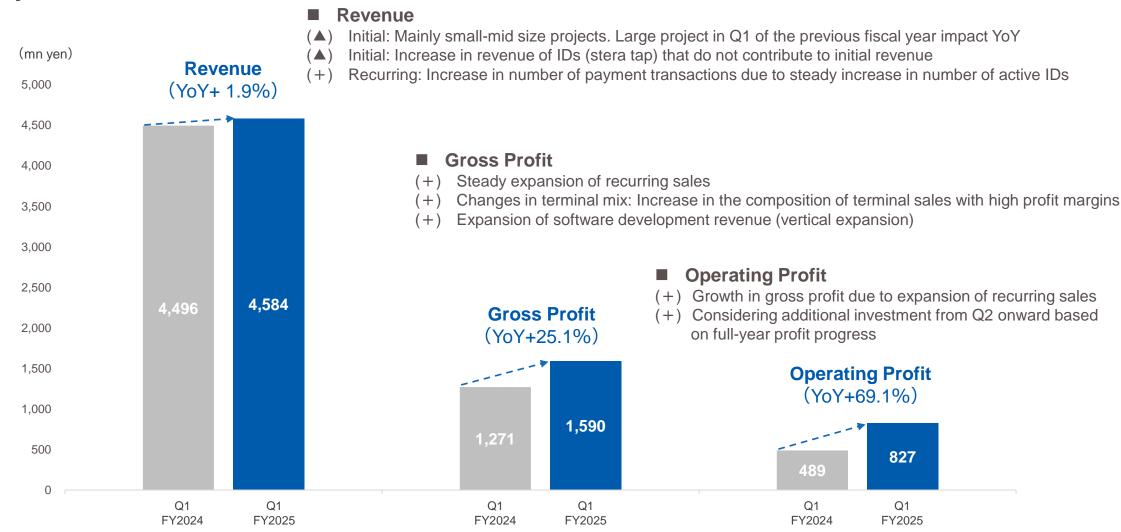
Financial results: Steady profit growth due to expansion of recurring-model sales KPI: Payment volume and GMV steadily increased due to holiday sales season and inbound tourist demand

(mn yen)	Q1 FY2024	Q1 FY2025	YoY	Forecast FY2025 1 st half (Full-year)	Progress towards forecast			
Revenue	4,496	4,584	+ 1.9%	9,677 (22,200)	47.4% (20.7%)			
Gross profit	1,271	1,590	+25.1%	2,914 (6,498)	54.6% (24.5%)			
Operating profit	489	827	+69.1%	1,090 (2,020)	75.9% (41.0%)			
Profit before income taxes	486	829	+70.5%	1,081 (2,002)	76.7% (41.4%)			
Profit attributable to owners of parent	317	602	+90.1%	677 (1,316)	89.0% (45.8%)			
		f active terminal Y2025 Only)	Transaction Volum (Q1 FY2025 Only)		Transaction Value (GMV) (Q1 FY2025 Only)			
KPI (YoY)		93,379 +20.6%)	c. 237.1mn (+44.3%)	С	c. ¥ 1,985bn (+36.4%)			



1.3 Major Topics Regarding Financial Results

Although initial revenue decreased YoY due to large-scale projects in the previous year, gross profit steadily grew due to steady expansion of recurring revenue. Operating Profit grew, however, plan to actively invest from Q2 onward



1.4 Revenue by Business Model (YoY)

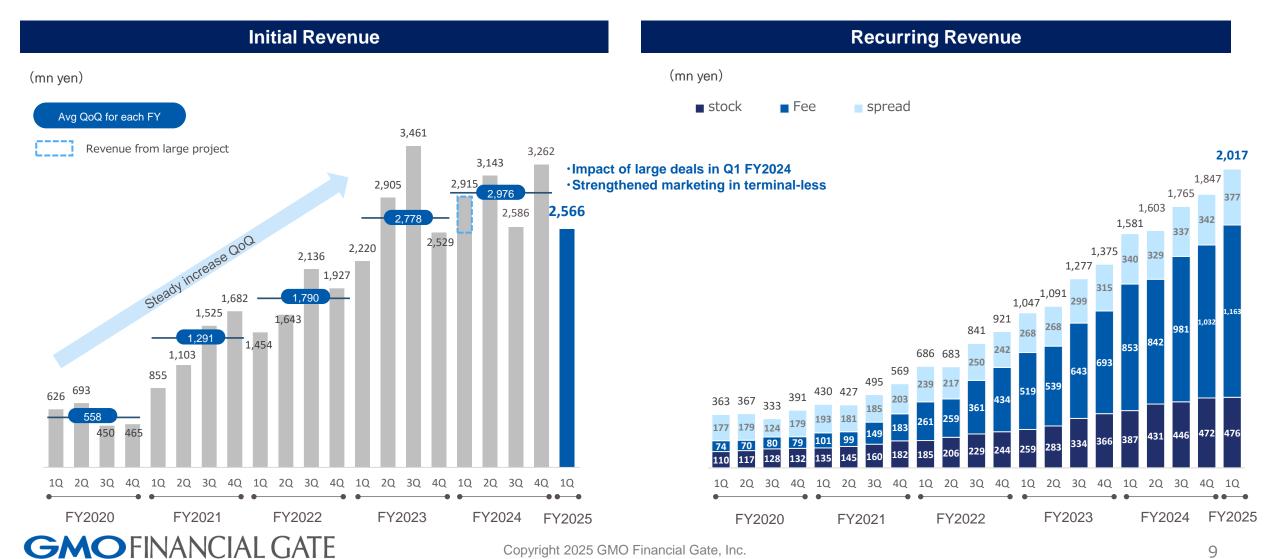
Initial: Despite impact from large-scale projects in the previous fiscal year, steady progress Recurring-model: Driven by stock and fee, composition ratio of recurring-model revenue increases

(mn yen)	Q1 FY2024 (Composition %)	Q1 FY2025 (Composition %)	YoY
Initial	2,915 (64.8%)	2,566 (56.0%)	▲12.0%
—— Recurring-Model	1,581 (35.2%)	2,017 (44.0%)	+27.6%
Stock	387 (8.6%)	476 (10.4%)	+23.0%
Fee	853 (19.0%)	1,163 (25.4%)	+36.4%
Spread	340 (7.6%)	377 (8.2%)	+10.8%
Total Revenue	4,496 (100.0%)	4,584 (100.0%)	+ 1.9%



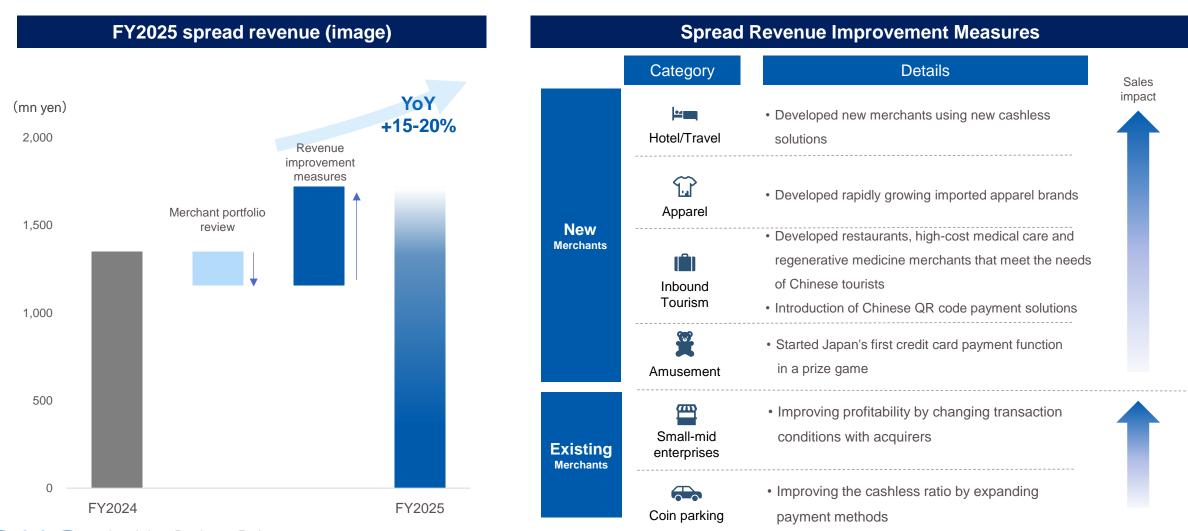
1.5 Revenue by Business Model (Quarterly)

Initial: Initial revenue accumulated steadily from small and medium-sized projects Recurring: Continued high growth as the number of active IDs increases



1.6 Measures to improve spread revenue

Cover the impact of reviewing merchant portfolio with revenue improvement measures Aim for +15-20% YoY growth



KPI / Business Highlights

2



2.1 Initial Revenue and No. of Active Terminals (Quarterly)

Active ID will see moderate growth due to delay of in-service of terminals for large merchants

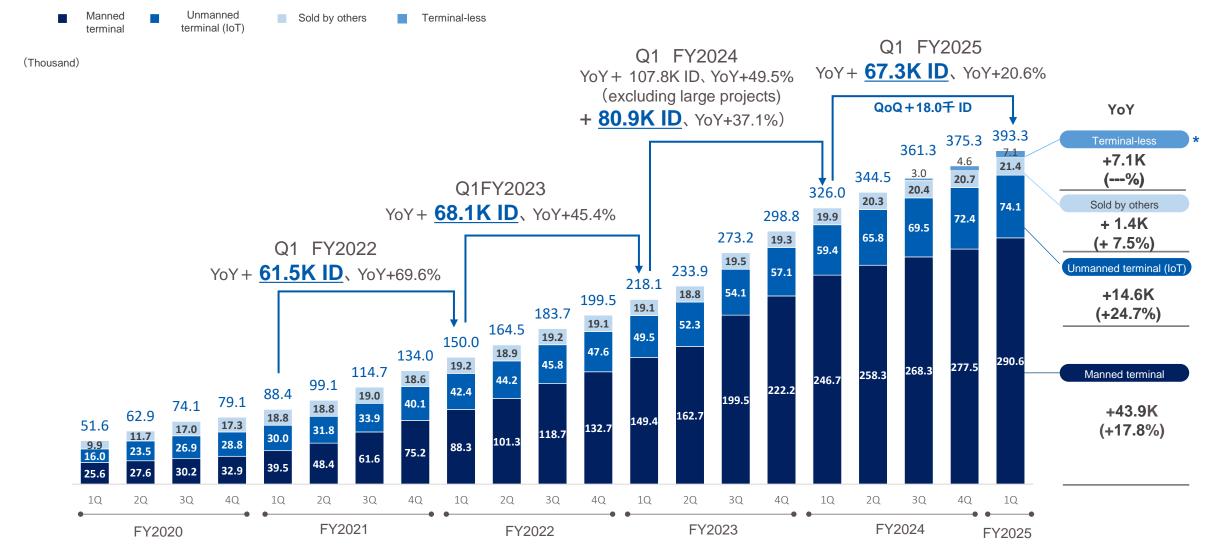
Scheduled to catch up beyond Q2

*Large number of active IDs expected to contribute beyond Q2

- Major drug-store Major everyday household goods store +18.0 Initial revenue (mn yen) +13.9 Number of active terminals (thousand) (excluding large projects) +16.8 +18.4 +27.2 +25.5 (2+21.7) 361.3 344.5 (2+20.2) 326.0 +39.3 (1+20.0)+15.8 +18.6 +15.7 233.9 +14.5 +19.2 199.5 +15.9 +19.2 164.5 +9.3 +10.7 +15.5 150.0 134.0 +11.2 +4.9 114.7 +11.3 99.1 88.4 79.1 62.9 51.6 2Q 3Q 2Q 2Q 3Q 2Q 3Q 2Q 3Q FY2021 FY2022 FY2020 FY2023 FY2024 FY2025

2.2 Consolidated KPI (Number of active terminals)

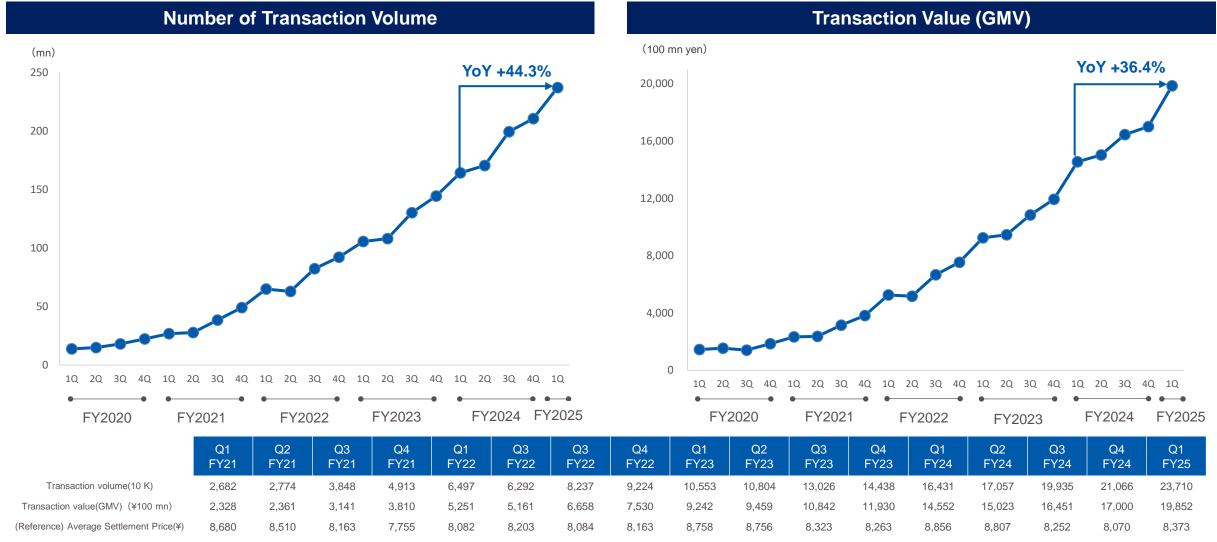
The number of active IDs is steadily growing due to the accumulation of small and medium-sized projects





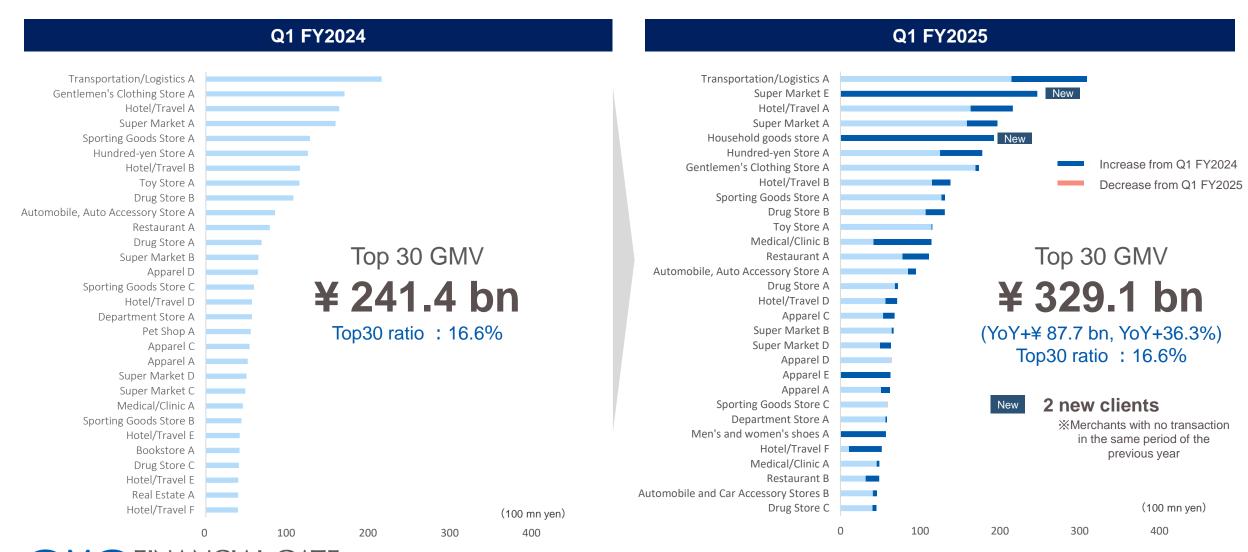
2.3 Consolidated KPI (Quarterly Transaction volume / GMV)

The percentage of merchants with a high proportion of small-value payments, such as 100yen shops and supermarkets, is increasing – number of transaction volume is outgrowing transaction value



2.4 Top 30 Merchants (GMV basis)

In addition to major supermarket in previous Q2, household goods store have newly entered the rankings – among existing merchants, 100 yen shops, medical, and apparel continue to expand



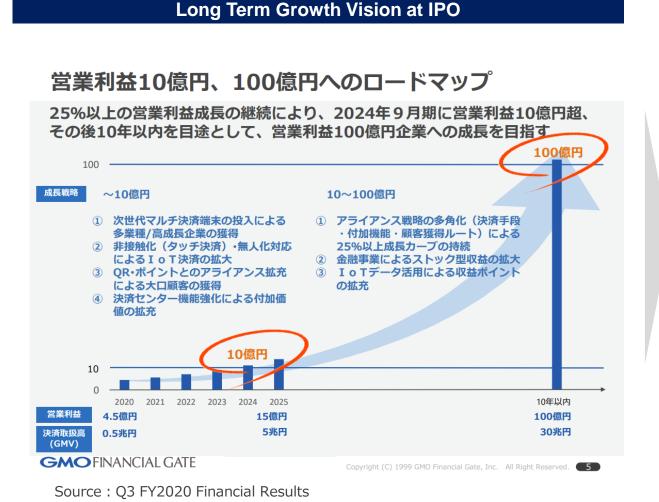
Growth Strategy and Progress

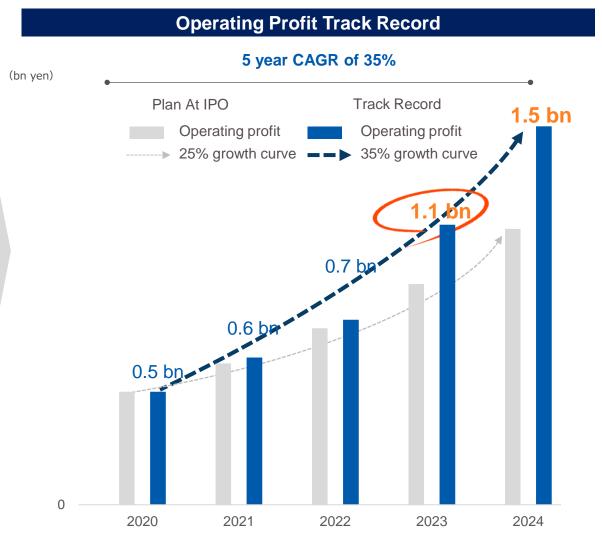
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3.1 Long Term Growth Vision at IPO

The roadmap disclosed at the time of IPO is one year ahead of schedule Visibility of long-term vision of operating profit of 10 billion yen has improved

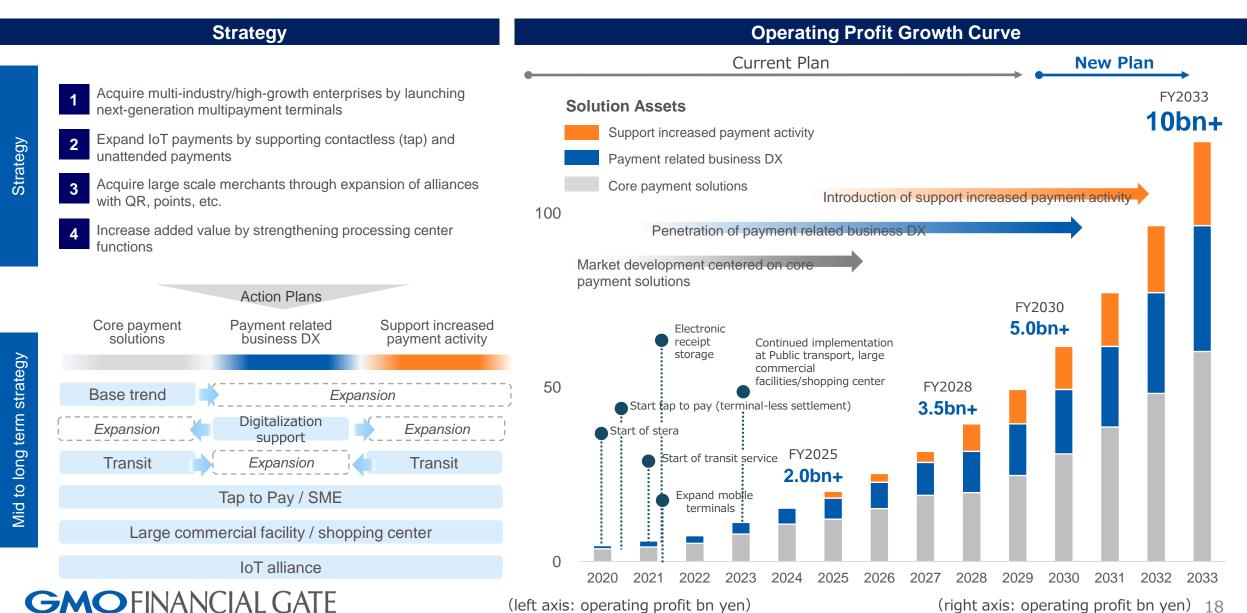






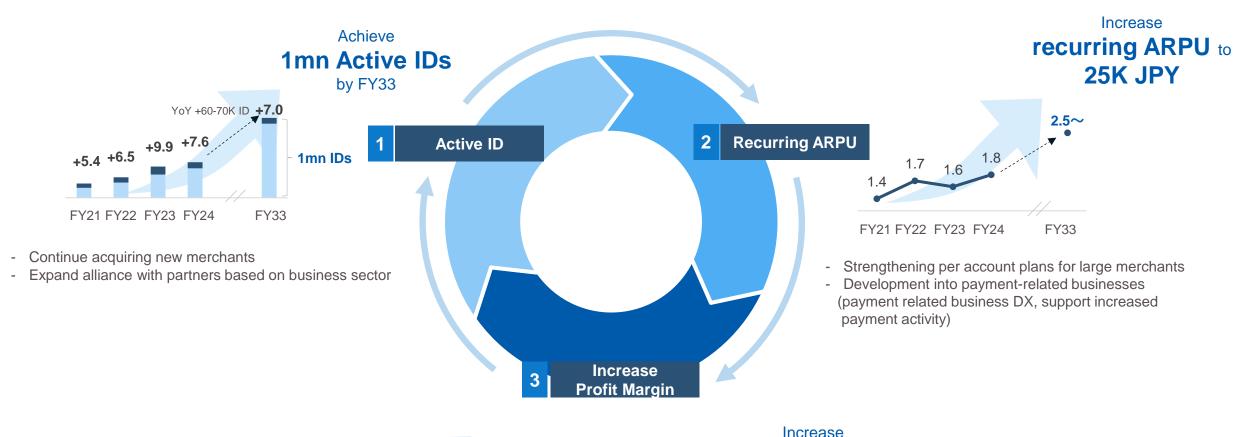
3.2 Profit Roadmap

Promoting mid- to long-term measures to achieve operating profit of 10 billion yen by 2033



3.3 Profit Growth Cycle Based on Track Record

Continue to implement profit growth based on below three KPIs to achieve operating profit target



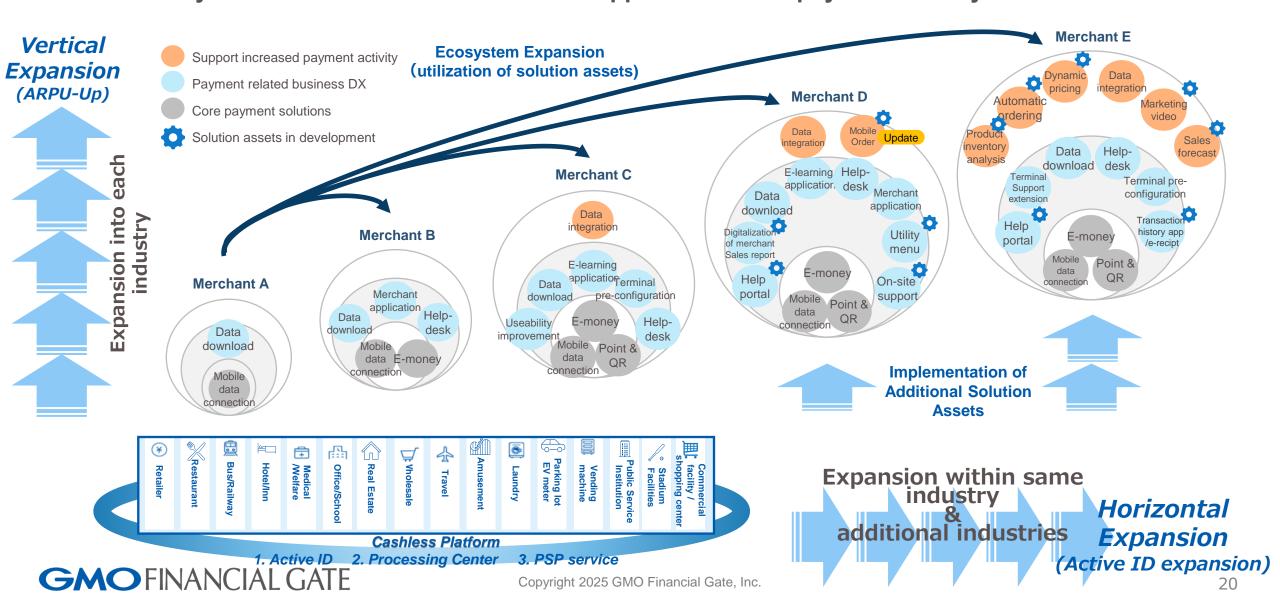


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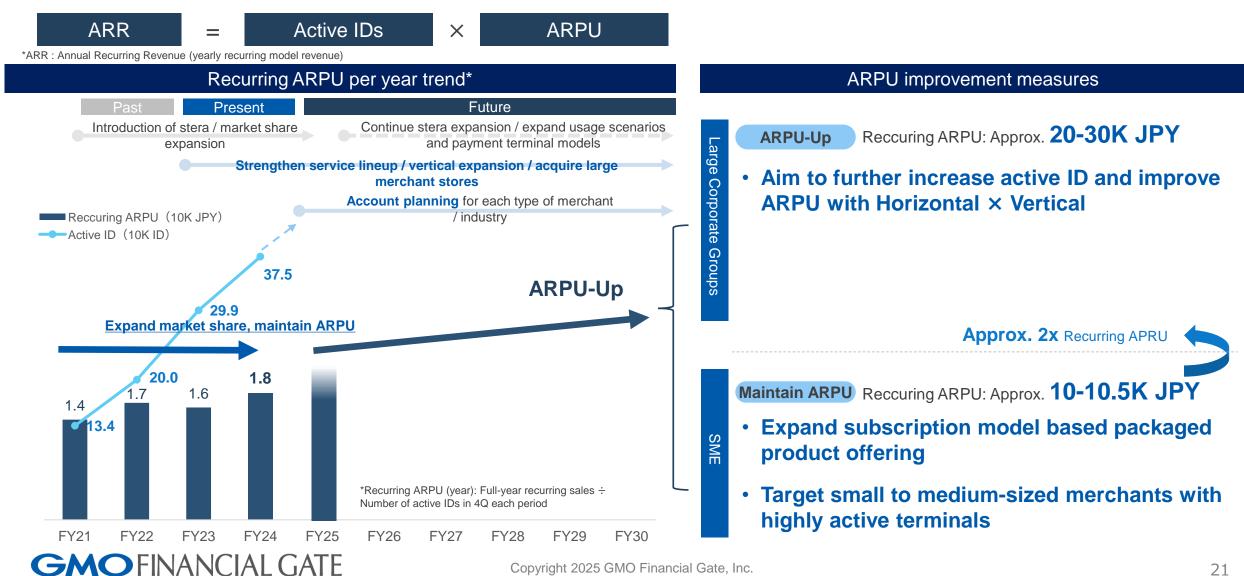
recurring gross profit margin to 70%+

- Increase business leverage using fixed costs
- Manage profitability per ID
- Utilize AI for automation / greater efficiency in system development

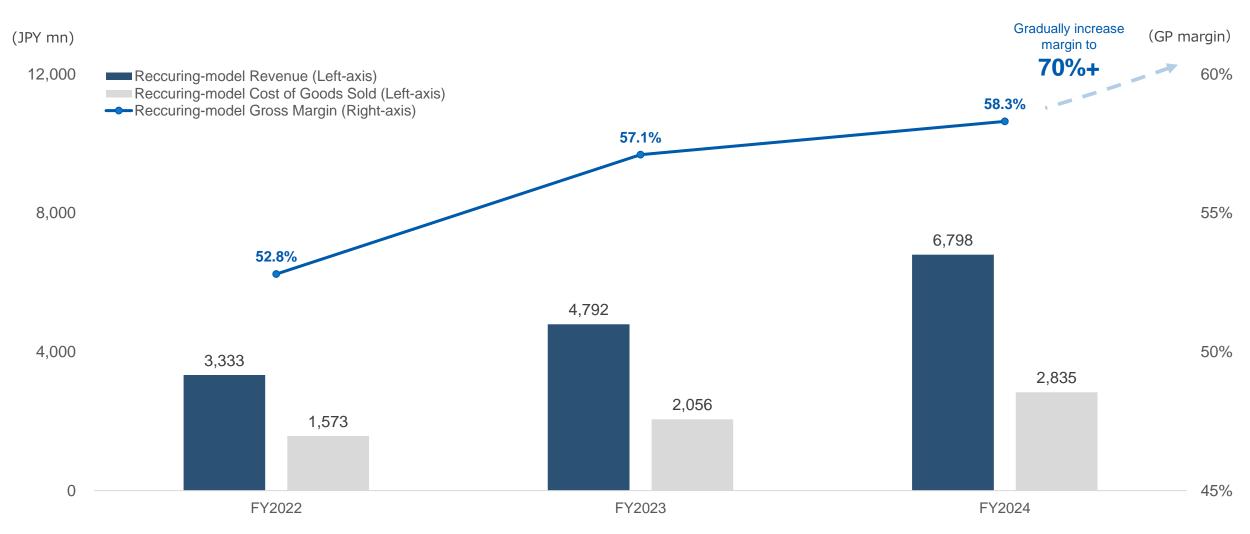
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Continue to increase in ARR for FY25. Will continue Vertical X Horizontal strategy for large corporate groups - will continue increasing ARPU beyond FY26

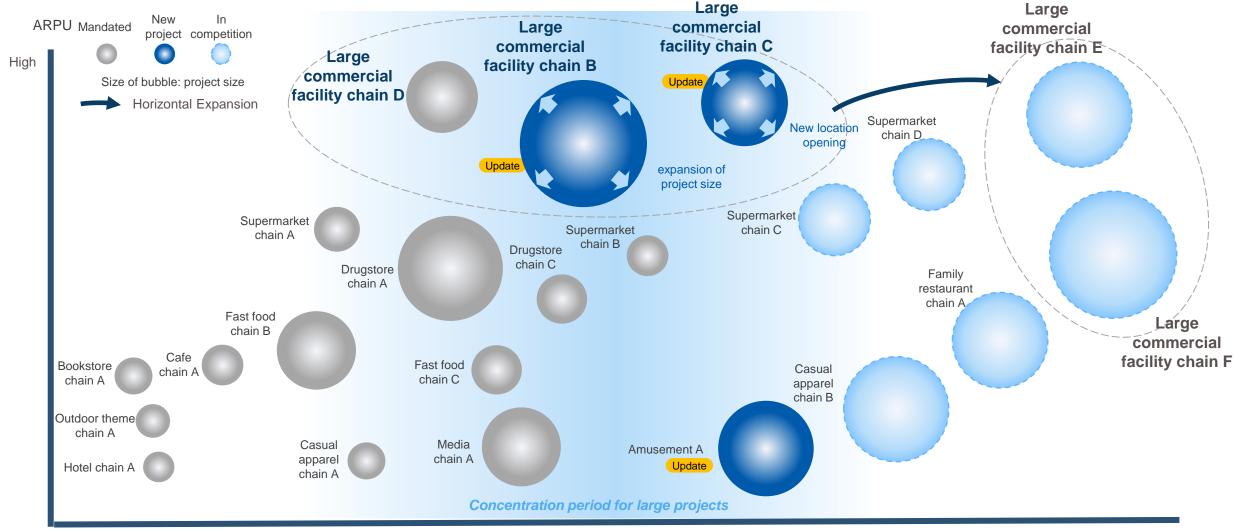


Gross profit margin is expanding due to increased payment activity at merchants



3.7 Progress of Project Pipelines

Expansion of project size for large commercial facility chain B and C New project in amusement sector

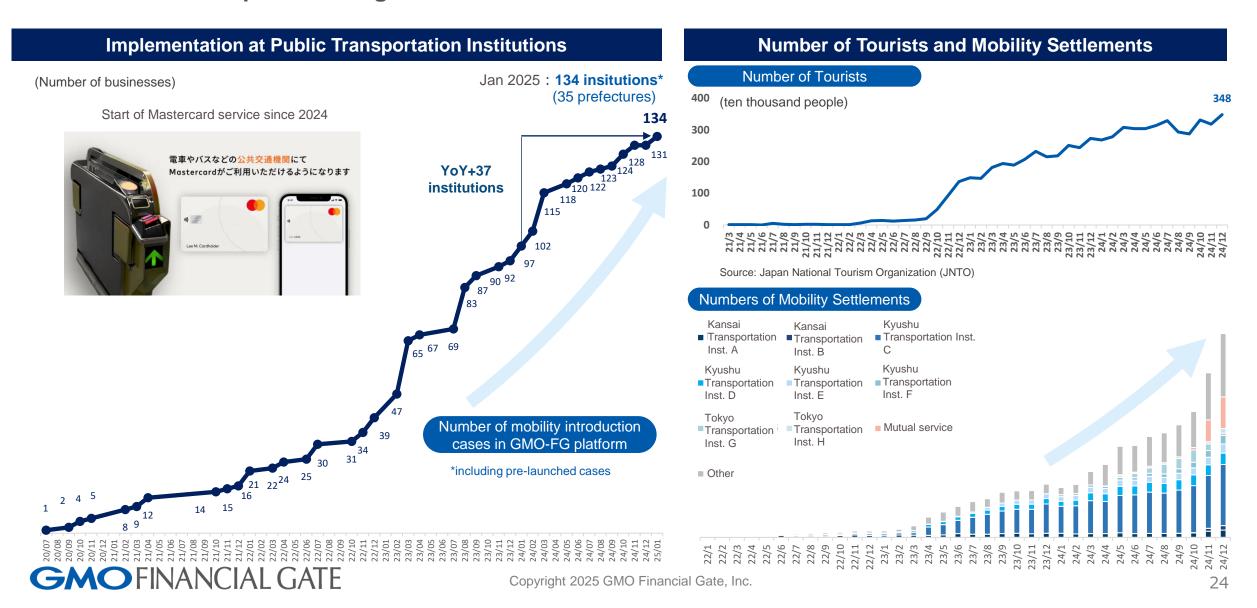




FY26

3.8 Expansion of Payment Platforms - Mobility Domain

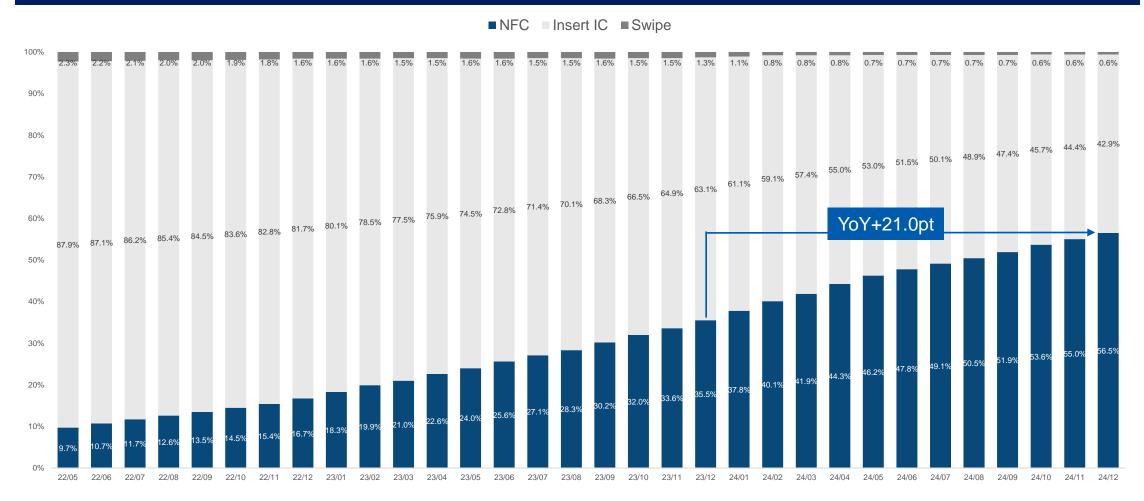
134 institutions have installed the mobility domain due to the increase in inbound tourists Mastercard is accepted starting October 2024



3.9 Expanding use of Contactless NFC Payment

The percentage of credit touch payments at our processing center has exceeded 50%. Growing awareness of the convenience of NFC is driving the future spread of credit touch in the mobility field

Credit and debit payments at our processing centers / Proportion of payment methods





3.10 CDP score update

Achieved a score of B for the second year in a row as the standards have increased since last year In the TSE growth market, we are the only company with a B score or higher for two consecutive years

What is CDP?

- Carbon Disclosure Project, an international NGO investigating global warming countermeasures. We send a questionnaire once a year to major listed companies around the world on topics such as greenhouse gas emissions and business risks and opportunities due to climate change, and evaluate companies' responses to climate change issues based on their responses.
- Ratings are given in 8 stages: A, A-, B, B-, C, C-, D, D- (B rating is third from the top)

B score positioning

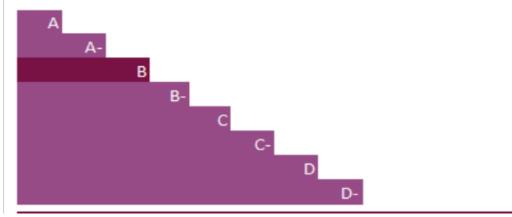
- B score is considered to be at the "management level", and indicates that the company has been evaluated as "understanding and acting on its own environmental risks and impacts"
- The average for the industry to which our company belongs, the Asian region average, and the world average is "C"
- We are the only TSE growth market listed company to receive a "B" score.
- · We will continue to strive to enhance disclosed information and aim to obtain an A score.







UNDERSTANDING YOUR SCORE REPORT





Supplemental Information

Financials, Investment /

Shareholder Returns



4.1 Profit & Loss

(Thousand)	Q1 FY2024	Q1 FY2025	YoY
Revenue	4,496,898	4,584,394	+ 1.9%
COGS	3,225,866	2,994,230	▲ 7.2 %
Gross profit	1,271,031	1,590,163	+25.1%
SG&A	781,267	784,480	+ 0.4%
Operating profit	489,774	827,998	+69.1%
Profit before income taxes	486,464	829,554	+70.5%
Profit attributable to owners of parent	317,104	602,830	+90.1%



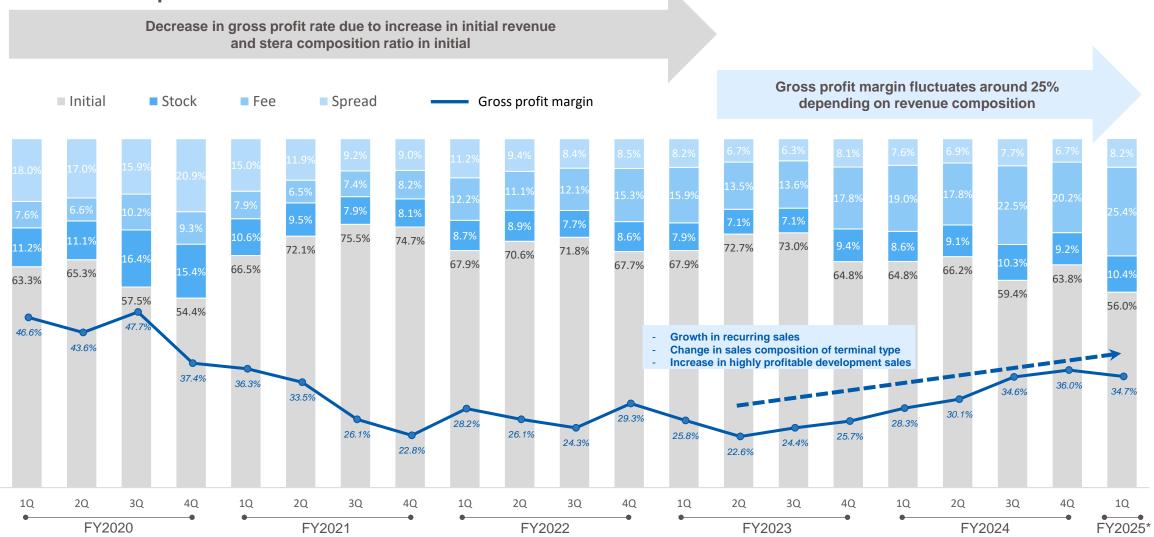
4.2 Revenue by Business Model (Quarterly)

	(mn yen)	Q1 FY2021	Q2 FY2021	Q3 FY2021	Q4 FY2021	Q1 FY2022	Q2 FY2022	Q3 FY2022	Q4 FY2022	Q1 FY2023	Q2 FY2023	Q3 FY2023	Q4 FY2023	Q1 FY2024	Q2 FY2024	Q3 FY2024	Q4 FY2024	Q1 FY2025
_	Initial	855	1,103	1,525	1,682	1,454	1,643	2,136	1,927	2,220	2,905	3,461	2,529	2,915	3,143	2,586	3,262	2,566
	Stock-model	430	427	495	569	686	683	841	921	1,047	1,091	1,277	1,375	1,581	1,603	1,765	1,847	2,017
[Stock	135	145	160	182	185	206	229	244	259	283	334	366	387	431	446	472	476
<u> </u>	Fee	101	99	149	183	261	259	361	434	519	539	643	693	853	842	981	1,032	1,163
	Spread	193	181	185	203	239	217	250	242	268	268	299	315	340	329	337	342	377
	Total	1,286	1,531	2,020	2,252	2,141	2,327	2,978	2,849	3,267	3,997	4,738	3,905	4,496	4,747	4,351	5,110	4,584



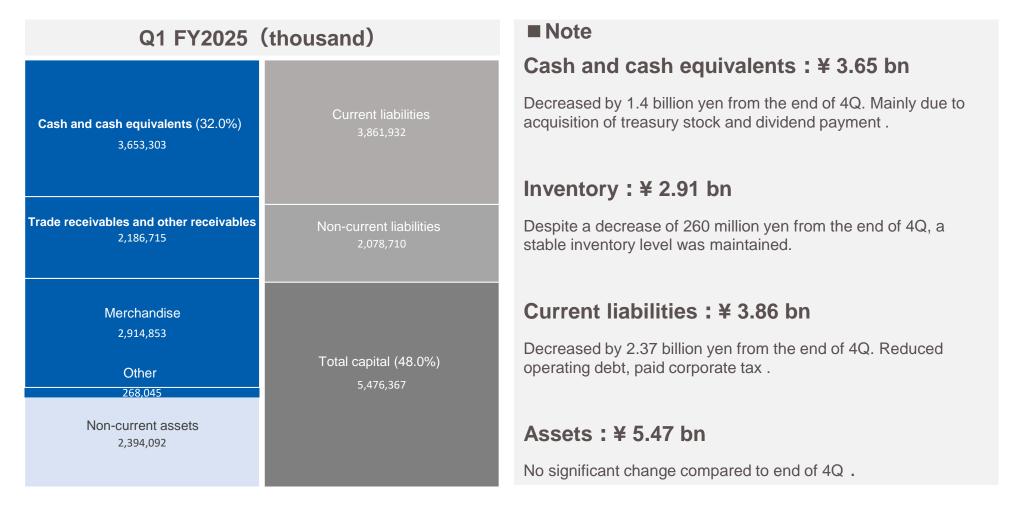
4.3 Changes in Revenue Composition and Changes in Gross Profit Margin

Gross profit margin fluctuates depending on sales composition, but has been on an upward trend since 2023/9 (Q2) Initial's gross profit margin continues to improve due to changes in terminal revenue mix and the contribution of highly profitable development sales.



4.4 Balance Sheet

Cash and cash equivalents: Decrease due to acquisition of treasury stock and dividend payments Inventories: Ensure stable inventory levels



Assets

Equity and Debt



4.5 Balance Sheet (IFRS)

	(mn yen)	Q4 FY2024	Q1 FY2025	QoQ
		Cash and cash equivalents	5,060	3,653	▲1,407
	Current	Trade accounts receivable	3,166	2,186	▲979
	assets	Merchandise	3,170	2,914	▲255
Assets		Other	234	268	+33
	Non-	current assets	2,574	2,394	▲180
	Т	otal Assets	14,206	11,417	▲2,789
	Cur	rent liabilities	6,233	3,861	▲2,371
Liabilities	Non-C	urrent liabilities	2,082	2,078	▲3
	Total equi	ty	5,890	5,476	▲ 414
т	otal liabilities ar	nd equity	14,206	11,417	▲2,789



4.6 Balance Sheet (Quarterly: Japanese GAAP)

	(mn yen)			Q1 FY2022	Q2 FY2022	Q3 FY2022	Q4 FY2022	Q1 FY2023	Q2 FY2023	Q3 FY2023	Q4 FY2023	Q1 FY2024	Q2 FY2024	Q3 FY2024	Q4 FY2024	QoQ	YoY
		Cash and cash equivalents	3,434	1,425	1,618	2,231	2,519	1,720	2,190	2,779	4,015	3,897	4,216	4,256	5,072	+815	+1,056
	Current assets	Merchandise	1,615	2,177	2,523	1,545	1,507	2,511	3,131	2,733	2,396	3,077	3,344	2,959	3,169	+210	+773
Asset		Others	741	868	1,007	884	990	1,527	1,520	1,412	1,093	1,555	1,557	2,111	3,394	+1,283	+2,301
	Non-current assets		1,347	1,409	1,445	1,497	1,622	1,567	1,651	1,692	1,757	1,846	1,893	1,911	2,317	+406	+560
	Т	otal assets	7,136	5,879	6,593	6,157	6,638	7,326	8,493	8,617	9,262	10,376	11,011	11,238	13,955	+2,716	+4,693
Liabilities	Cui	rent liabilities	2,720	1,538	2,135	1,575	1,929	2,801	3,220	2,114	2,604	3,298	3,619	3,519	6,088	+2,569	+3,483
	Non-d	Non-current liabilities		37	33	30	39	39	539	1,540	1,541	2,042	2,062	2,064	2,066	+2	+525
Net Asset		4,376	4,304	4,425	4,552	4,671	4,485	4,732	4,962	5,115	5,036	5,329	5,654	5,799	+145	+684	
Total liabilities and net assets		7,136	5,879	6,593	6,157	6,638	7,326	8,493	8,617	9,262	10,376	11,011	11,238	13,955	+2,716	+4,693	

4.7 Consolidated KPIs (Number of Active Terminals)

The number of unmanned terminals continues to increase due to the trend of self-service and labor shortages

(thousand)	Q1 FY21	Q2 FY21	Q3 FY21	Q4 FY21	Q1 FY22	Q2 FY22	Q3 FY22	Q4 FY22	Q1 FY23	Q2 FY23	Q3 FY23	Q4 FY23	Q1 FY24	Q2 FY24	Q3 FY24	Q4 FY24	Q1 FY25	QoQ (%)	YoY (%)
Manned	39.5	48.4	61.6	75.2	88.3	101.3	118.7	132.7	149.4	162.7	199.5	222.2	246.7	258.3	268.3	277.5	290.6	+13.1 (+4.7%)	+43.9 (+17.8%)
Unmanned (IoT)	30.0	31.8	33.9	40.1	42.4	44.2	45.8	47.6	49.5	52.3	54.1	57.1	59.4	65.8	69.5	72.4	74.1	+1.7 (+2.3%)	+14.7 (+24.7%)
Sold by others	18.8	18.8	19.0	18.6	19.2	18.9	19.2	19.1	19.1	18.8	19.5	19.3	19.9	20.3	20.4	20.7	21.4	+0.7 (+3.4%)	+1.5 (+7.5%)
Terminal-less													erminal-less from Q3 F\		3.0	4.6	7.1	+2.5 (%)	+7.1 (%)
Total	88.4	99.1	114.7	134.0	150.0	164.5	183.7	199.5	218.1	233.9	273.2	298.8	326.0	344.5	361.3	375.3	393.3	+18.0 (+4.8%)	+67.3 (+20.6%)

4.8 Capital Allocation Policy

Aim to achieve continuous business growth in accordance with the investment funding policy and capital allocation policy

Investment Source Funding Policy

Priority of investment resources
 (1) Operating cash flow, (2) Interest-bearing debt, (3) Equity

(1) Operating Cash Flow

Leverage operating CF from continuous profit growth

(2) Interest-bearing debt, etc.

Flexibly consider the use of interest-bearing debt in accordance with our investment policy based on our financial condition, market environment, and interest rate levels

(3) Equity

We will make a comprehensive evaluation of the stock price level, market environment, financial condition, and other factors. and financial conditions, etc., and consider capital procurement to realize continuous business growth through investment. Consider capital procurement to achieve sustainable business growth through investment based on a comprehensive assessment of stock price levels, market environment, financial conditions, etc.

Capital Allocation Policy

 Priority will be given to business investment and growth investment in accordance with our business strategy, while at the same time, we will continue to provide a certain level of shareholder returns.

Business Investment

Business investment to implement market share expansion strategy

Growth Investments

Strategic investments in preparation for profit margin increase strategy

Shareholder Returns

Stable and continuous dividend payments while securing internal reserves for business and growth investments to support continuous business growth



4.9 Investment Policy

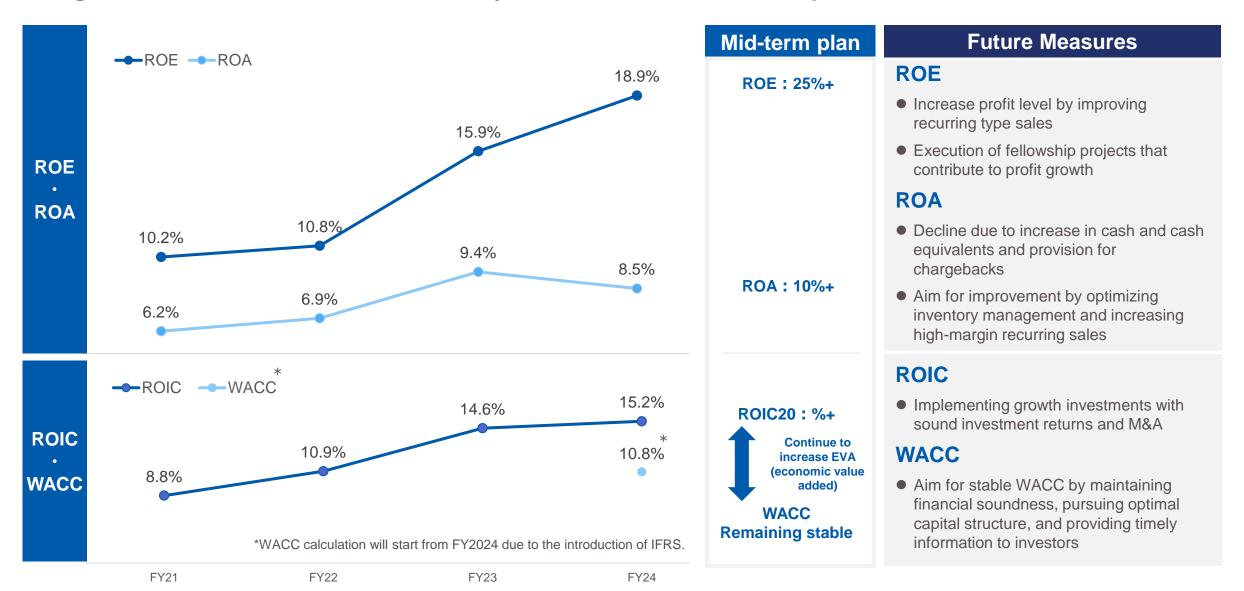
Proactive business investment to execute "market share expansion strategy" necessary for medium to long-term operating profit growth of +25% YoY

Business investment Growth investment ·Investments in data centers, terminal development, and internal • Support for cashless transactions in the area of small and medium-sized systems merchants ·Investment in human resources (organizational enhancement, hiring, Main New business related to money services/payment performance-linked compensation, etc.) Investment **Target** Data service/marketing support business • Development investment for IoT (mobility), touch settlement in transportation systems (trains, buses, etc.), and labor-saving/self-·Building alliances (business alliances, capital tie-ups, etc.) support ·Careful verification of business profitability and growth potential •In principle, business investments are made within the budgeted Basic framework based on the assumption that the profit plan will be Start lean and small Investment achieved, and additional investments are made according to the **Policy** •Expand investment limits in phases where return on investment is progress of actual performance. expected



4.10 Efficiency Indicators and Cost of Capital

Management that is conscious of efficiency, investment return, and capital cost



4.11 Shareholder Return Policy

Aiming to increase corporate value through business growth while providing stable and continuous dividends simultaneously

Basic Policy on Shareholder Returns

Increase in corporate value

• Aim to increase market capitalization over the medium to long term through continuous business growth

To increase net income attributable to shareholders through business growth in revenue (CAGR 25%) and operating profit (+25% YoY or more). Increase net income attributable to shareholders through business growth

Stable and continuous dividends

Stable and continuous dividend payments

Aim for shareholder returns of **50% or more** while ensuring capital needs and internal reserves to support business growth (currently in place).



Supplemental Information

ESG Initiatives (Details)





5.1 (Reprint) Expanding ESG Initiatives

Received "Eruboshi Certification (2 stars) as a company that promotes women's active participation as from the Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfare Plan to introduce EMS(environmental management system) *1 to improve ESG rating

ESG Initiative Roadmap Compilation of Integrated Report Corporate value Present TSE Score Acquisition /Improvement Project **Project Launched** Launched SBT Certification (Science Based)Start preparations MSCI Score Acquisition /Improvement Project Launched Implementation of EMS Eruboshi certification Enhanced disclosure of human capital Identification of ESG materiality Non-fossil certificate acquisition started Earned "B" score CDP score CDP first response mprovement project HP/Sustainability page Skill matrix creation GHG calculation/ certification/SCOPE 1-3 Voluntary disclosure Scope 1, 2 carbon of ESG initiatives neutral completed, **IPO** scope 3 reduction **Timeframe** 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025

To Do's

/ Implementation of Environmental Management System (EMS)*1

- Visualize energy usage status and reduce burden on the environment
- · Aim to improve score of each ESG rating agency by implementing EMS

Promote MSCI score acquisition/improvement project

- Continue cooperation with external consultant regarding ESG rating (MSCI, Sustainalytics)
- Strategically improve disclosure levels including human capital
- By improving ratings, aim to be included in MSCI index in Sept. 2025

Project launched for SBT certification (Science Based Targets)

- The SBT (Science Based Targets) Secretariat carries out certification after comparing the levels required by the Paris Agreement with the greenhouse gas emission reduction targets set by each company.
- A project has been launched to reduce greenhouse gases, and targets will be set at the same time as the introduction of EMS. Continued dialogue with payment terminal manufacturers

CDP score improvement project

- Earned B score in 2023
- Will strive to earn A score by implementing external consultants

Creation of Integrated Report

Formed Project Team

• Plan to create an integrated report from the perspective of enhancing information disclosure to promote management that involves more stakeholders.

*1 EMS: Abbreviation for environmental management system. The aim is to build a system that allows management to set and demonstrate environmental policies and goals when voluntarily promoting environmental conservation initiatives.



5.2 (Reprint) CDP score update

Achieved a score of B for the second year in a row as the grading standards have increased since last year. In the TSE growth market, we are the only company with a B score or higher for two consecutive years

What is CDP?

- Carbon Disclosure Project, an international NGO investigating global warming countermeasures. We send a questionnaire once a year to major listed companies around the world on topics such as greenhouse gas emissions and business risks and opportunities due to climate change, and evaluate companies' responses to climate change issues based on their responses.
- Ratings are given in 8 stages: A, A-, B, B-, C, C-, D, D- (B rating is third from the top)

B score positioning

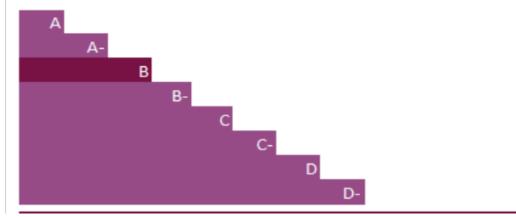
- B score is considered to be at the "management level", and indicates that the company has been evaluated as "understanding and acting on its own environmental risks and impacts"
- The average for the industry to which our company belongs, the Asian region average, and the world average is "C"
- We are the only TSE growth market listed company to receive a "B" score.
- · We will continue to strive to enhance disclosed information and aim to obtain an A score.







UNDERSTANDING YOUR SCORE REPORT





5.3 ESG Initiatives / Environment

In the provision of our payment platform, we promote business operations that consider environmental impact. Working to reduce CO₂ emissions related to our business

Specific Efforts

- Recycled paper is used for receipts (paper rolls) used at each payment terminal.
- Provide electronic storage services for sales slips to reduce the number of receipts (paper rolls)
- Use of environmentally friendly materials for payment terminal components
- Reuse of payment terminals returned by merchants as replacement terminals (refurbished terminals) in the event of malfunctions, etc.
- Established Supply Chain Promotion Department to strengthen supply chain management of payment terminals, paper rolls, etc.

Environment Related Data							
Our Supply Chain upstream GMO-FG downstream							
SC	COPE 3	SCOPE 1	SCOPE 2	SCO	PE 3		
Procurement, Manufacturing and Distribution		Fuel Combustion	Electricity use	Use and	disposal		
payment terminal	Sales of roll paper	-	Office,Settleme nt Centers	Payment Terminal Use	Payment terminal Disposal		

Supply chain CO emissions	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024
Supply chain CO ₂ emissions SCOPE 1 (t-CO2)	0	0	To be announced as soon as calculated
SCOPE 2 (t-CO2)	105	0	_
SCOPE 3 (t-CO2)	13,927	19,501	_
Electricity consumption for SCOPE 1 and 2 (kwh)	231,210	200,949	206,963

^{*} The subject companies are GMO Financial Gate, GMO Card Systems, and GMO Data, a consolidated group of companies.



^{*} Data for SCOPE 1~3 will be verified by a third-party verification organization in the future.

^{*} Effectively 100% renewable energy by using renewable energy corresponding to the amount of electricity used in SCOPE2.

^{*} SCOPE3 (Categories 1-11, upstream and downstream) are available on our Sustainability page (ESG-related data).

5.4 ESG Initiatives / Social

Aiming for sustainable growth by hiring excellent human resources and enhancing various systems that contribute to improving the capabilities of all partners* in order to create corporate value and solve social issues

*Employees are referred to as partners

Initiatives

Human Resource Development and Welfare System

- Career design system: System to provide advice and support on career development
- **360-degree multidimensional evaluation system**: A system that allows partners to evaluate their supervisors without a name.
- Countermeasures to the falling birthrate: Financial benefits and special exceptions for work at various stages of marriage, childcare, etc.

Work-style reform

- Promote a telework work system that takes into consideration the safety of executives and employees
- Promotion of maternity and paternity leave
- Encouraging shorter working hours for childcare
- Providing post-retirement reemployment opportunities
- Providing an hourly annual leave system, etc.

Employment of the Disabled

• Inclusivity of diverse employees, creating a better workplace

Social Related Data							
	FY2021	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024			
Number of Partners*	102	124	148	161			
(Breakdown) Number of employee partners	81	96	108	123			
(Breakdown) Number of temporary partners	21	28	40	38			
Percentage of women among employee partners	29.8%	22.8%	32.4%	29.8%			
Percentage of women in management partners	10.5%	14.3%	13.6%	11.5%			
Average years of service	3.7y	3.6y	3.8y	3.7y			
Average age	39.9	40.9	42.7	39.9			
Turnover rate	10.2%	9.5%	4.6%	6.5%			
Training hours per person	_	_	13.6 h	40.9 h			

^{*}Number of partners" covers the consolidated corporate group GMO Financial Gate, GMO Card Systems, and GMO Data.



^{*}Number of partners" is the total number of regular employees, rehired employees, contract employees, and seconded employees (excluding employees seconded from our group to outside the group, but including employees seconded from outside the group to our group).

^{*}Number of temporary partners" is the average total number of part-timers and temporary employees during the past year.

^{*} Figures for "Ratio of women among employee partners" and "Ratio of women among management partners" are for "employee partners.

^{*} Average years of service, average age, and turnover rate are non-consolidated figures for GMO Financial Gate.

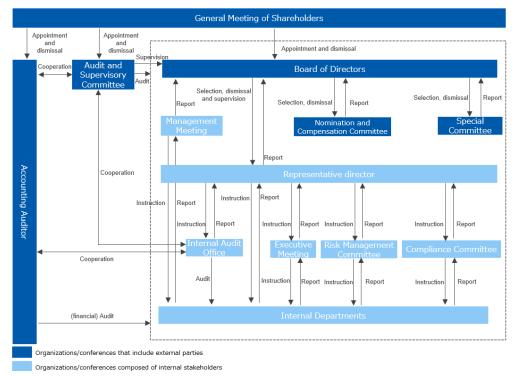
^{*} From the fiscal year ending September 2023, contracted and dispatched partners will be excluded from the calculation of the turnover rate.

5.5 ESG Initiatives / Governance

Focus on enhancing corporate governance by establishing a decision-making structure that responds quickly and appropriately to changes in the business environment, a fair, transparent, and efficient business execution structure

Specific Efforts

- Transition to a company with an audit and supervisory committee: External
 directors account for more than 1/3 of the Board of Directors, eliminating decisionmaking that would create a conflict of interest with shareholders.
- **Establishment of a special committee**: Strengthen the governance of the board of directors and protect the interests of minority shareholders



Governance Related Data

Outside Directors/Female Directors	FY2024
Number of directors	9
Number of independent outside directors (%)	4 (44.4%)
Number of female directors (%)	1 (14.3%)

^{*}Number and percentage of directors in office as of December 31, 2024.

Attendance rate at Board of Directors Meetings (FY2024)

Times	Held/	Sugiyama	Aoyama	Fukuda	Tamai	Koide	Shimamura	Asayama	Nagasawa	Ozawa
Held		President and Representative Director	Board Member	Board Member	Board Member	Board Member	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director
17	Times Attended	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
times	attendance rate	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^{*} The above figures are for directors in office as of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024.

Audit and Supervisory Committee(FY2024)

	Held/	Shimamura	Asayama	Nagasawa	Ozawa
Times Held	Percentage	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director
40 times	Times Attended	10	10	10	10
10 times	attendance rate	100%	100%	100%	100%

Nomination and Remuneration Committee(FY2024)

	Held/	: Tamai	Koide	Shimamura	Asayama	Nagasawa
Times He	Id Percentage	Board Member	Board Member	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director	Independent Outside Director
4 times	Times Attended	4	4	4	4	4
4 times	attendance rate	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

IR Activities	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024
Financial Results Briefing	4	4	4
Number of 1-on-1 meetings	267	232	286
Group meetings sponsored by brokerage firms	3	3	7

5.6 ESG Initiatives / Board of Directors

Governance structure built around technology and financial background

Internal Director (Managing Director)

Kentaro Sugiyama / President and Representative Director

Worked in the systems industry for 14 years with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in May 2017 after having worked for GMO-PG since 2014; became President and Representative Director in December



Akio Aoyama / Director, General Manager, Solution Partner Division

Worked in the systems industry for 21 years with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in April 2018; became Director in December 2018, responsible for Solution Partner Division; President and Representative Director of GMO Data since August 2019



Tomonaga Fukuda / Director, General Manager, IT Platform Division

18 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the financial industry; joined GMO-FG in September 2019, appointed as Director in December 2020, in charge of the IT Platform Division



Tomoki Tamai / Director, General Manager, Corporate Support Division

Engaged in sales and corporate affairs at major banks and operating companies; joined GMO-FG in August 2021; appointed Director in December 2022; in charge of Corporate Support Division



Director concurrently serving as GMO-PG

Tatsuya Koide / Director

35 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the public and manufacturing industries Joined GMO-PG in September 2021, also serving as Director of GMO-FG Appointed Senior Executive Officer of GMO-PG in December 2021



Independent External Director

Nao Shimamura / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

Engaged in legal practice in the legal industry for 15 years; appointed as an outside director in September 2019 (appointed as an outside director because he has the knowledge and experience to make decisions on important management matters of the Company and to supervise the execution of business operations in an accurate and fair manner).



Rie Asayama / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

Engaged in finance-related business for 36 years at a major banking group; appointed outside director in December 2021 (appointed as outside director because of her experience in promoting diversity and as executive vice president of a general business company).



Takayoshi Nagasawa / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

36 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the financial and distribution industries; appointed as an auditor in December 2016 (appointed as an outside director as a member of the audit committee to strengthen the internal control system and to audit the directors' execution of their duties); concurrently serving as an auditor of GMO Data from August 2019



Satoru Ozawa / External Director (Audit and Supervisory Committee Member)

46 years in the systems industry, working with clients in the corporate management and banking industries; appointed as an auditor in December 2016 (appointed as an outside director as an audit committee member to strengthen the internal control system and to audit the directors' execution of their duties).



Definition of notation GMO-FG: GMO Financial Gate, GMO-PG: GMO Payment Gateway

* Describes directors in office as of December 31, 2024.

5.7 ESG Initiatives / Executive Skills Matrix

Appointment of human resources that contribute to the enhancement of corporate value as directors, with a view to building a system that enables the Board of Directors to function effectively.

	Kentaro	Akio	Tomonaga	Tomoki	Tatsuya	Nao Shimamura	Rie Asayama	Takayoshi Nagasawa	Satoru Ozawa
Identity	Sugiyama	Aoyama	Fukuda	Tamai	Koide	outside the company Independent Director			
Job title	President and Representative Director	Director, General Manager, Solution Partner Division	Director, General Manager, IT Platform Division	Director, General Manager, Corporate Support Division	Director	Director (Audit and Supervisory Board Member)			
Practicing GMO-ism*	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Corporate management	•	•					•		•
System Security			•						
Risk managAement			•	•			•	•	•
Legal & Governance				•				•	•
Finance, Accounting & Tax				•					
Sales and Marketing		•			•				
Investment (M&A)				•					
Financial Business							•		
Human Resource Development and Recruitment, Diversity					•		•		
ESG & Sustainability				•		•	•		

^{*} GMO-ism is the collective name for the company motto and company precepts that express the "Spirit Venture Declaration" and "55-Year Plan," the unchanging goals of the GMO Internet Group, as well as "Executive Principles" and "Laws of Victory.

* Describes directors in office as December 31, 2024.

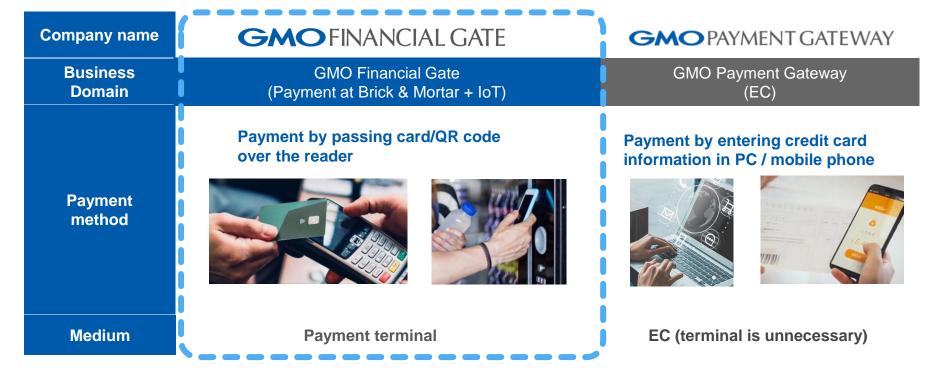
Supplemental Agenda

Appendix

6



Gmo-FG is focusing on offline payment



- Physical hardware network
- Proprietary programming code specifications
- Regulation



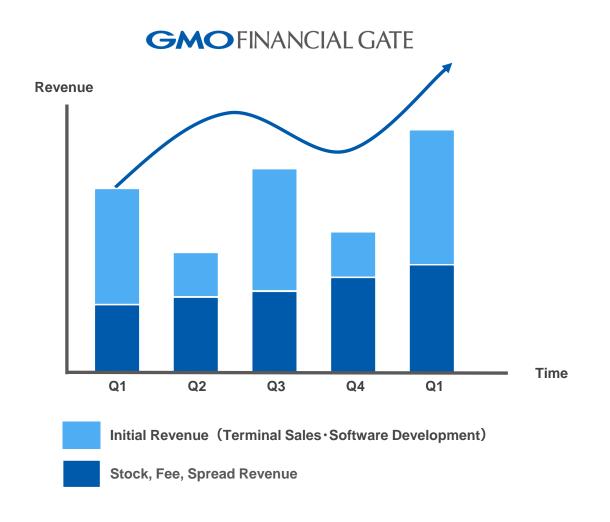
Growth in recurring revenue leads to steady profitability base

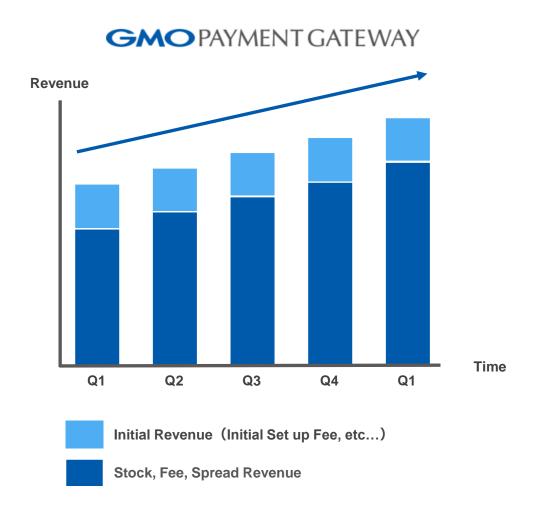
Composition by Product Category (Revenue and Gross Profit)

(mn yen) 18,705 15,909 36% 30% 10,295 64% 70% Recurring 30% 64% 6,046 11,907 11,116 3,905 Initial 70% 3,962 66% 2,768 7,162 **70%** 2,730 **Recurring 64%** 1,759 2,083 34% 30% 1,175 1,009 Initial 36% **Gross Profit Gross Profit Gross Profit** Revenue Revenue Revenue FY2022 FY2023 FY2024

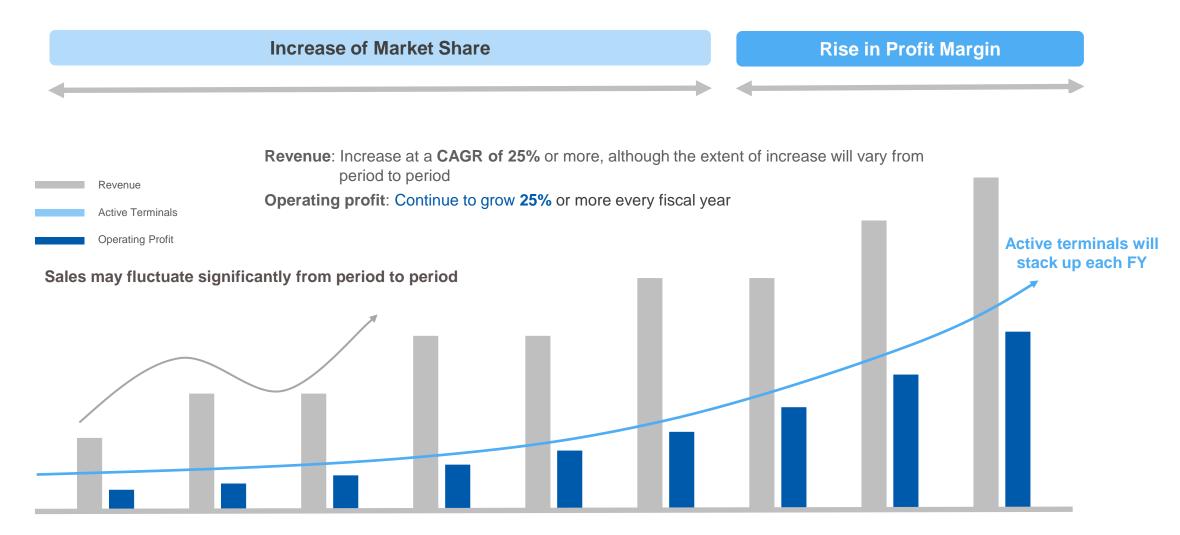


Initial revenue in offline payment is tend to be fluctuate because of its seasonality of terminal delivery

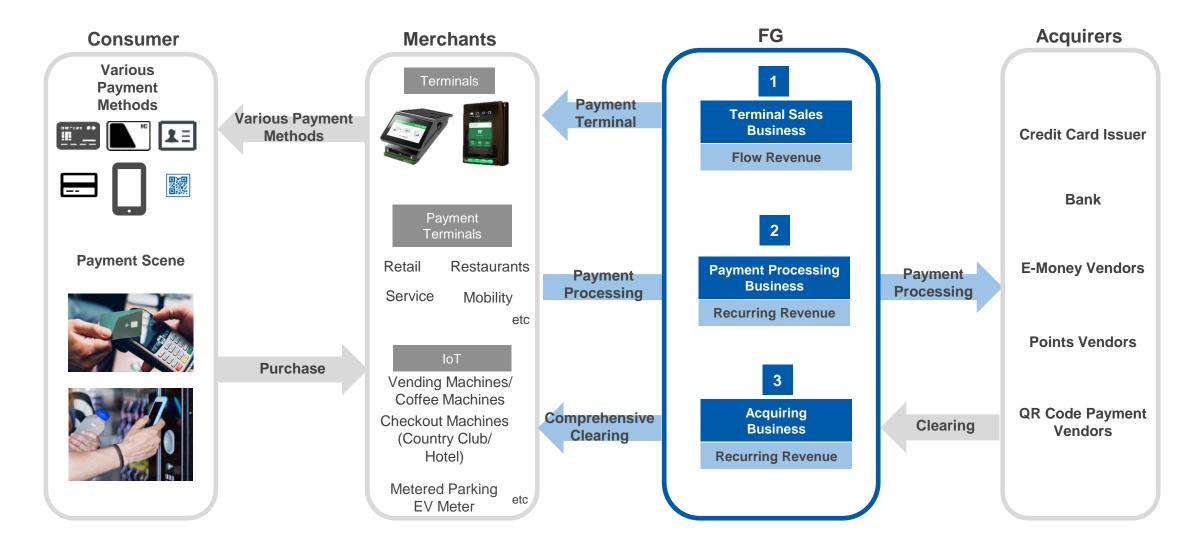




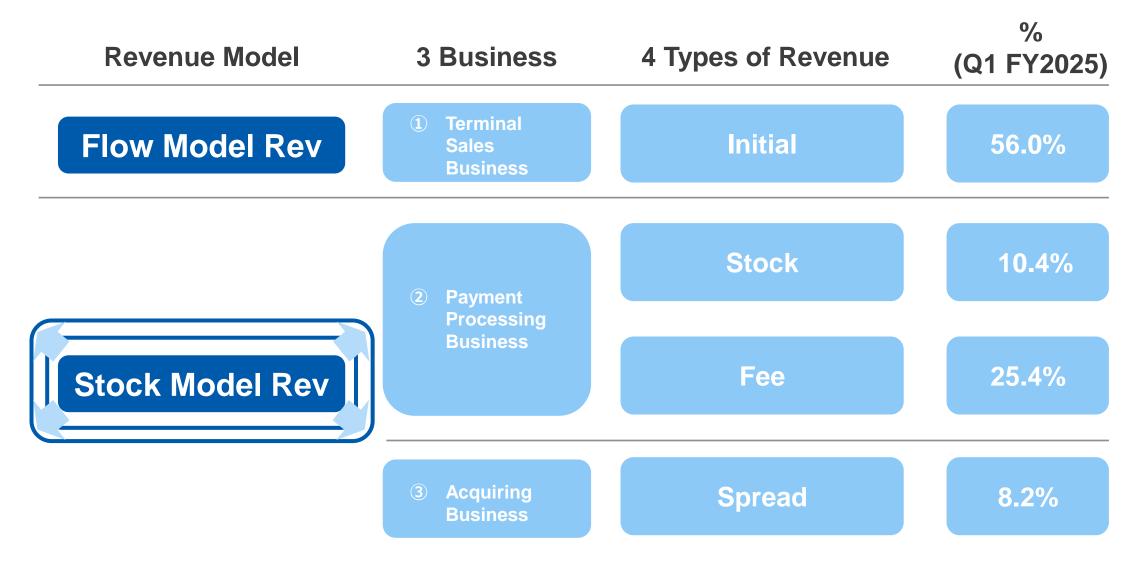
Market Share Expansion Phase: focus on sales/activation of payment terminals and revenue will be fluctuated. Margin Increase Phase: recurring revenue will increase due to increase in active IDs which will contribute to operating profit growth

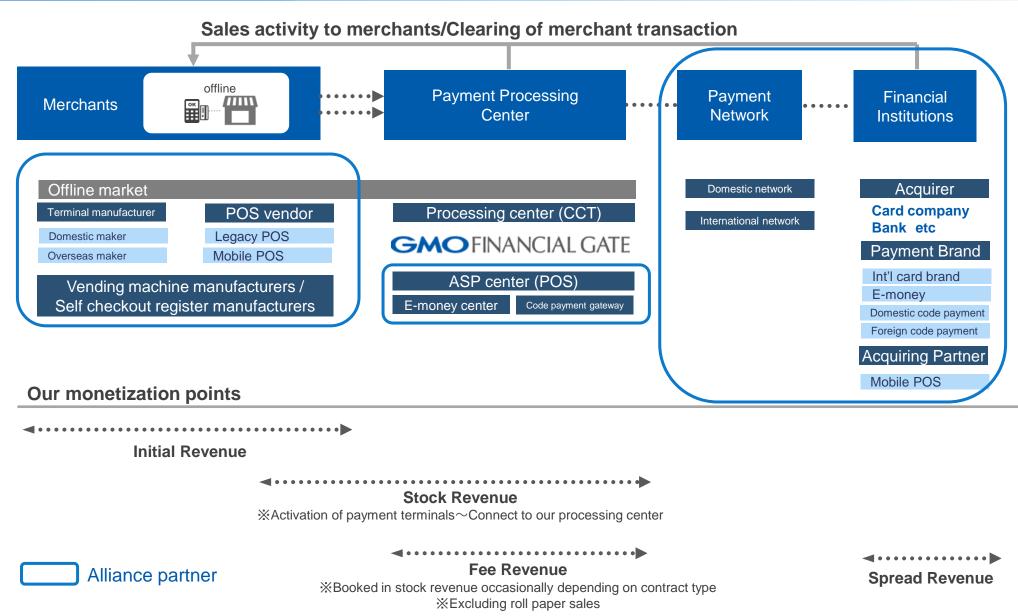


One-stop platform covering all settlement processes between merchants and acquirers



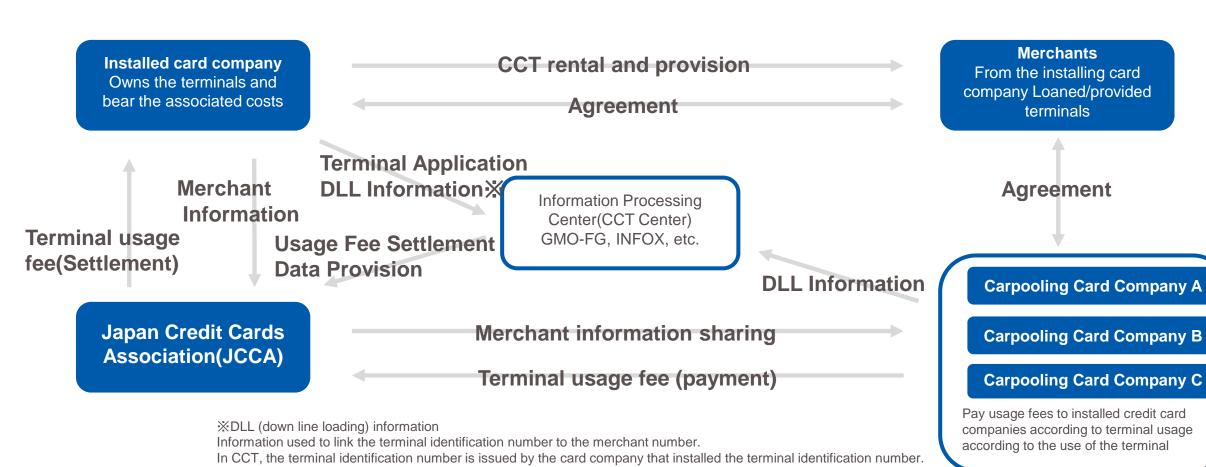
Stock revenue grows with flow model revenue which is mainly coming form the sales of payment terminals





CCT(Credit Center Terminal)

It is a terminal name authorized by the information processing center (CCT Center) designated by the Japan Credit Card Association (JCCA) and operated in accordance with the guidelines, etc., established by the JCCA. A single card company owns the terminal on behalf of another card company and lends it to a merchant for installation. Multiple card companies jointly use the terminals and pay usage fees to the card companies that installed them



Merchant POS

In general, POS (Point of Sales) is a generic term for a service that provides information on sales performance trends such as the date, time, quantity, and price of products sold, but in the credit industry, the term merchant POS is customarily used to refer to all terminals capable of processing credit card transactions that are not CCT terminals. In a merchant POS, the merchant itself owns the terminal, prepares the card payment environment, and makes a separate contract with the credit card company. While this requires more time and effort on the part of the merchant, it also allows for a more flexible design that is not bound by the JCCA (Japan Credit Card Association) guidelines

Merchants Own terminal Agreement Merchants pay roll paper cost and credit card electronic receipt storage cost company A **DLL Information Japan Credit Cards** Agreement Association(JCCA) **Information Processing Center** Agreement (merchant POS centers) GMO-FG, INFOX, etc. credit card company B credit card company C * DLL (down line loading) information

DLL (down line loading) information
 Information used to link the terminal identification number to the merchant number.
 In merchant POS, the terminal identification number is issued by the merchant.



stera unit, mobile has been released in addition to stera terminal Usage expected to increase in different scenes



Self Checkout

KIOSK

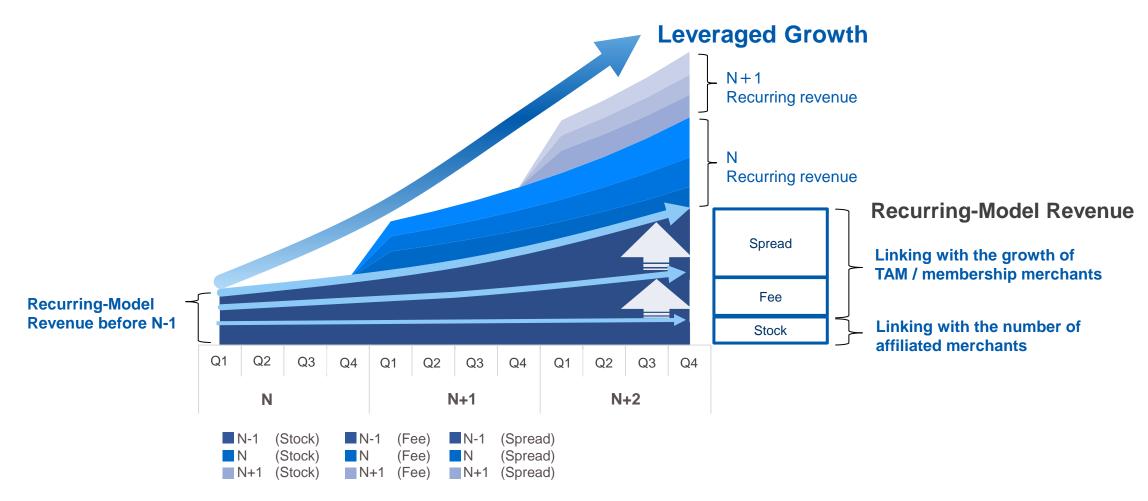
Counter Checkout

Cart POS

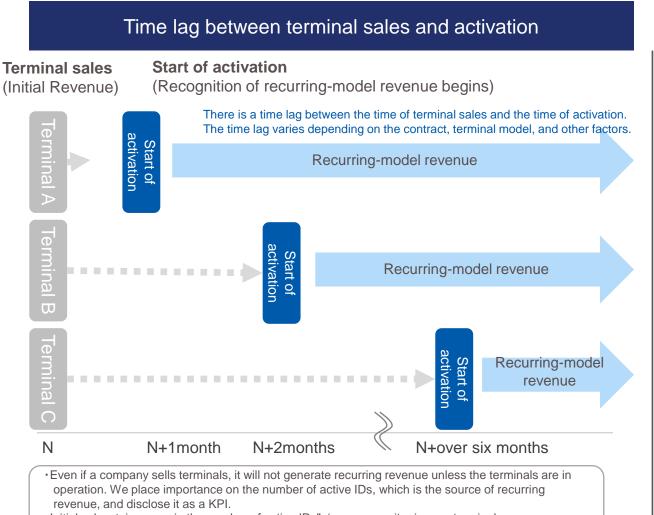
Table Check



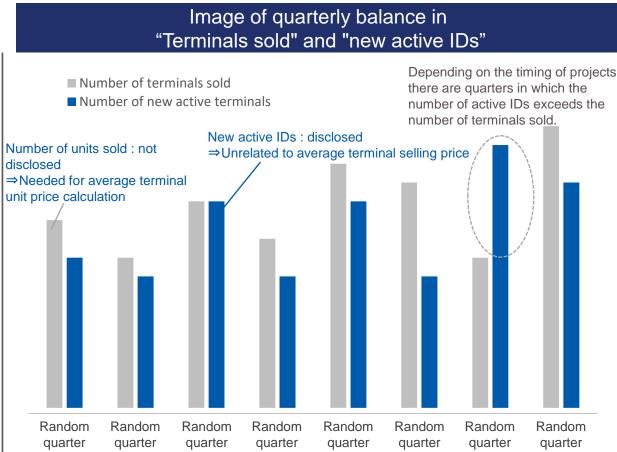
Fee and spread revenue are expanding with the market /growth in membership merchants



Initial revenue = Number of terminals sold × Average selling price per terminal + Accessory sales + Development sales Number of active IDs = Number of terminals that have processed payment at least once in the quarter



[·]Initial sales ÷ increase in the number of active IDs" ≠ average unit price per terminal



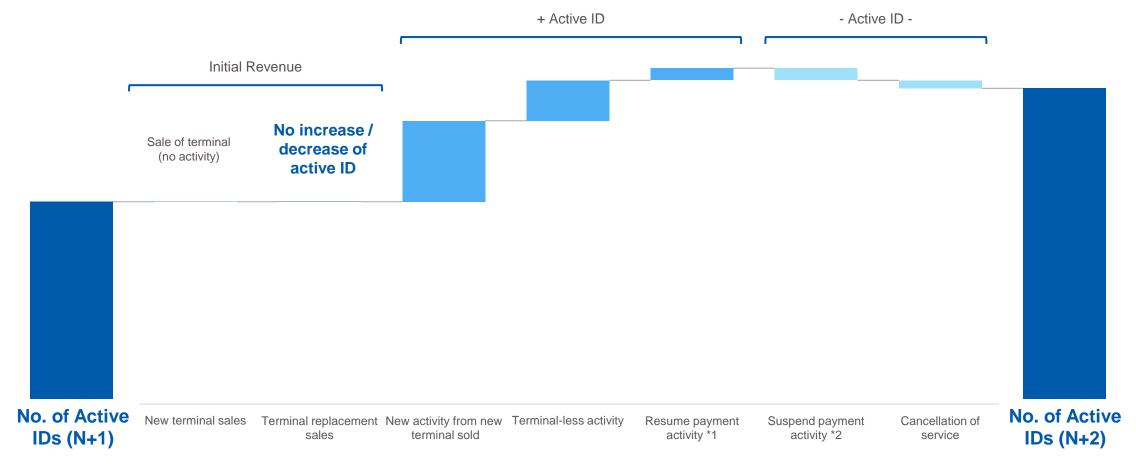
[•]Sales and capacity utilization both rise and fall each quarter, depending on the project, and are not completely linked.



[•]However, there are also quarters in which "utilization > sales" due to simultaneous utilization of large projects, etc.

[•]However, there are also quarters when "utilization exceeds sales" due to large projects going into operation simultaneously, etc.

Number of active ID is calculated quarterly and is not directly linked to initial revenue Replacing existing devices contributes to initial revenue, however, does not increase or decrease the number of active IDs





Details on each revenue 1

Initial	Content	Revenue Model
Payment terminal sales	Revenue from Payment terminals purchased from terminal manufacturers, and then confirm certain measures of payment methods that each merchant needs to accept.	 Terminal Selling Price × Units Sold ✓ More than 10 types of terminals ✓ Price range is from about ¥30K up to ¥100K
Software development	Software development that meets customers needs such as widening acceptable payment measures and adding point-payment functionality	 Number of Deals × Ordered value ✓ Since software development is tailor made type revenue, deal size and margin vary from time to time
Stock	Content	Revenue Model
Transaction Inquiry Service	It is a service that provides merchants with their daily sales data that go through our processing center. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	
Points & QR	It is a service to add point/QR payment app to the terminals merchants have. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	Number of contracts × Service Price
Rental (Mobile terminal)	It is a service to rent mobile type terminals that enable merchants to use them in wireless setting. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	✓ Service price is around ¥500 to ¥1K per terminal per month
Mobile SIM	It is a SIM card fee to use mobile type terminals. We charge it as monthly fixed fee	
Digitalization Assistance	Revenue from settlement data transferred to merchants, registration changes, assistance which leads to back office support for clients	Number of contracts × Monthly Fixed Fee
Processing (Monthly fixed fee model)	It is a processing fee based on monthly fixed rate *Basically, it is defined as "Fee" revenue when it comes to the case we charge as Pay As You Go billing, not fixed rate	✓ Monthly fixed fee will vary depending on the size of contract etc

Generally, the economics of services above vary depend on merchants. And there are services that some merchants do not apply

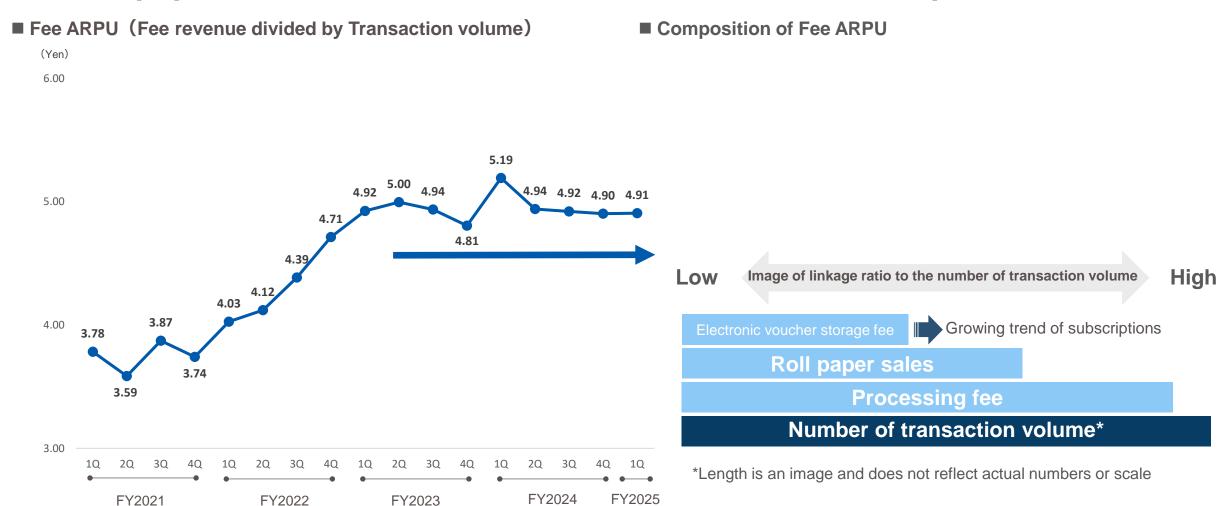


Fee	Content	Revenue Model
Processing	It is a fee we charge toward monthly transaction volume based on the rate per transaction	 TRX Volume × Processing Fee ✓ Processing fee is about ¥3 per transaction
Roll paper	This is a sales of roll paper that is used with payment terminals at stores	 Number of Order × Price of Roll Paper ✓ The price range of roll paper is about ¥130 to ¥200.
Electronic receipt storage	Optional service to store vouchers electronically, sales to be billed based on the number of payment transactions subject to the contract	 Number of settlement processes subject to contract x unit processing fee ✓ Unit processing fee is about ¥1 per transaction

Spread	content	Revenue Model
Acquiring (Settlement agent)	We charge spread fee (α) towards clearing amount to merchants We received indicator rate (N) from acquirers, then we acquire merchants instead of acquirers with the new rate (N+ α = merchant fee)	GMV of Agent Contract × Spread fee we charge (about 0.3∼0.4%)



The unit fee price is currently trending at just under 5 yen and roll paper sales contribute to fluctuations in the unit fee price.

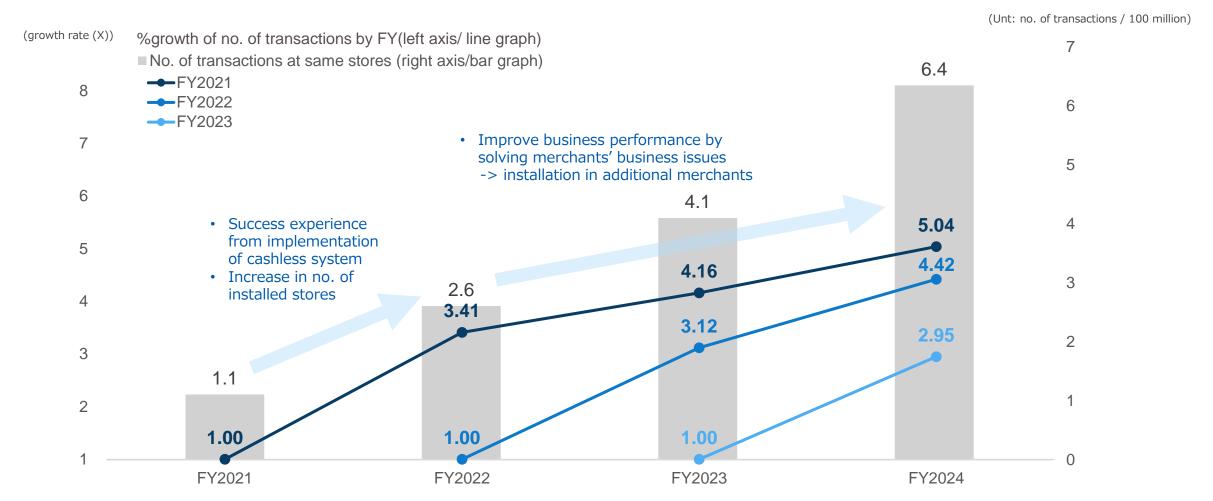




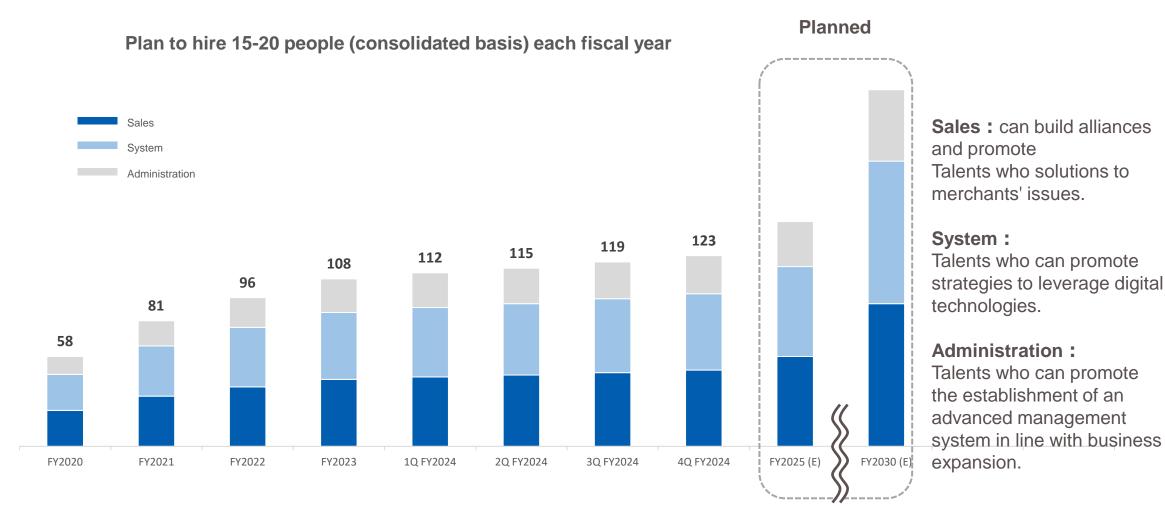
Same-store (Merchant) Growth (Number of Transactions)

Payment activity at merchant merchants increases YoY Accurately captured merchants needs which keeps merchants onto our payment platform

Same-store (Merchant) Growth (Number of Transactions)



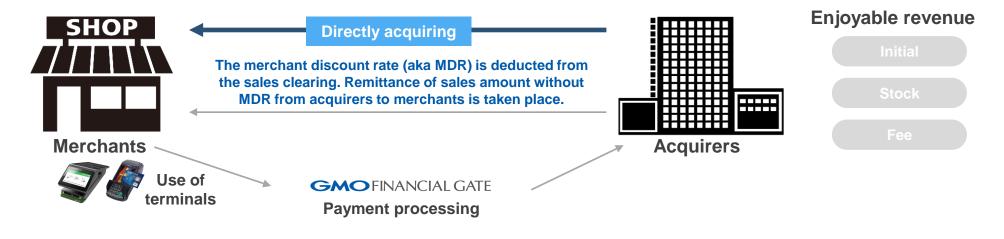
Plans a net increase of 15 to 20 employees per fiscal year to achieve the management benchmarks. Assumed composition of work force is approximately 40% sales, 40% systems, and 20% administration

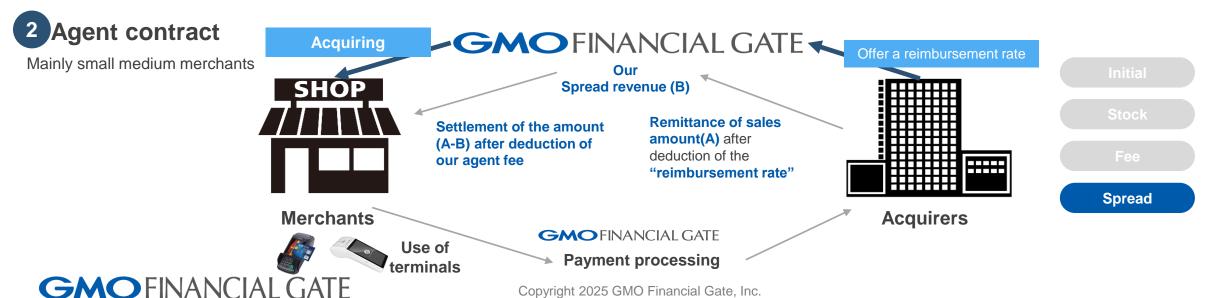


Our total GMV is the sum of 1 and 2 below. Spread revenue is generated only in the case of 2 Agent contract. Since 1 also contributes significantly to GMV, the linkage between total GMV and Spread revenue tends to decline

1 Direct contract

Mainly large merchants





In addition to the increase in the number of active IDs, revenue opportunities for Stock revenue will increase, but the status of subscriptions to paid services will differ depending on the needs/demand of merchants

Payment Terminal Offering

Floor-Standing Model



Mobile Model



Embedded Model



POS Model



Terminal-less



Merchants (Acquisition opportunity image of Stock revenue)



Stock Revenue



Non-Stock Revenue



merchant A



merchant B



The status of subscriptions to paid services that contribute to recurring revenue varies depending on the type of merchants and terminals

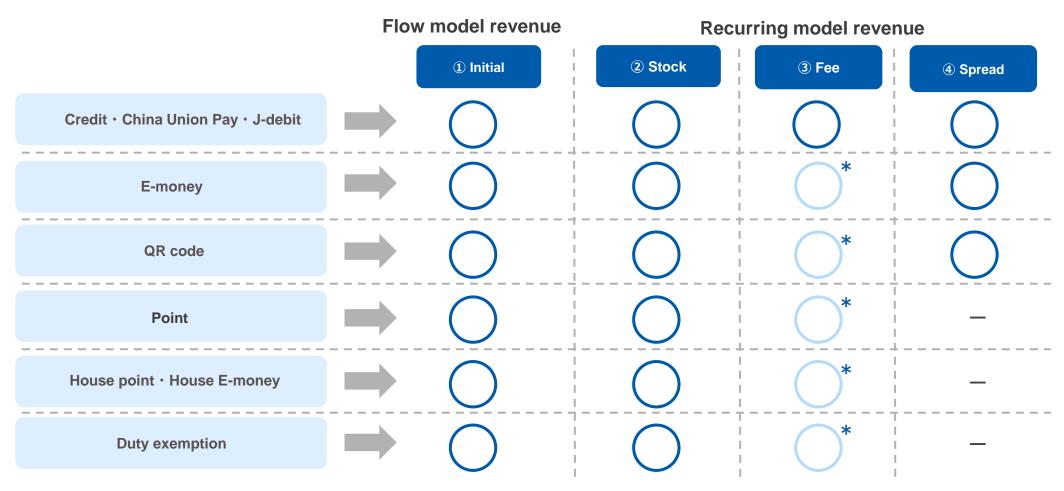








We operate different business models according to payment method as a cashless platformer. Growth in each payment method contributes to our growth as well



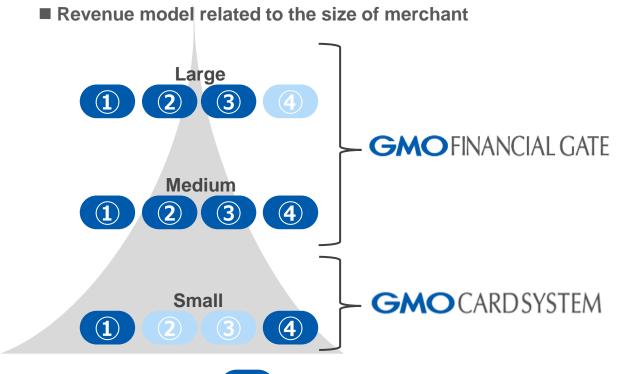
*There is no "processing fee" that constitutes Fee revenue because the transaction is not processed at our processing center, but the paper rolls consumed in conjunction with the transaction contribute to the increase of Fee revenue.

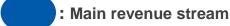


We mainly acquire medium- to large-sized merchants through alliances with major financial institutions. We mainly acquire small merchants (=long tail segment) through our subsidiaries

■ Four types of revenue model

1 Initial	Terminal sales, Software development, Initial registration fee, etc
② Stock	Monthly recurring revenue, communication fee of terminals, etc
③ Fee	Processing revenue related to TRX volume, Receipt paper sales, etc
4 Spread	Commission fee based on TRX value





: Realization of the revenue varies from contract to contract

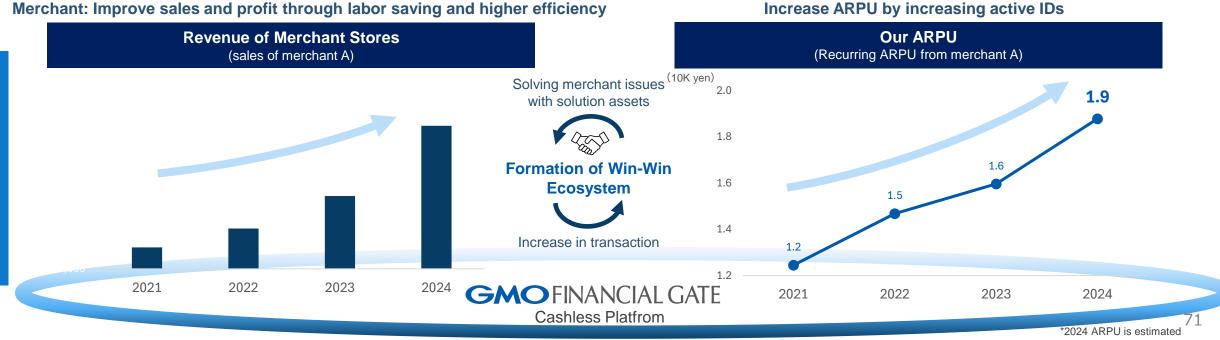
Meeting customer needs through enhanced credit payment functions and alliances with QR / points vendors



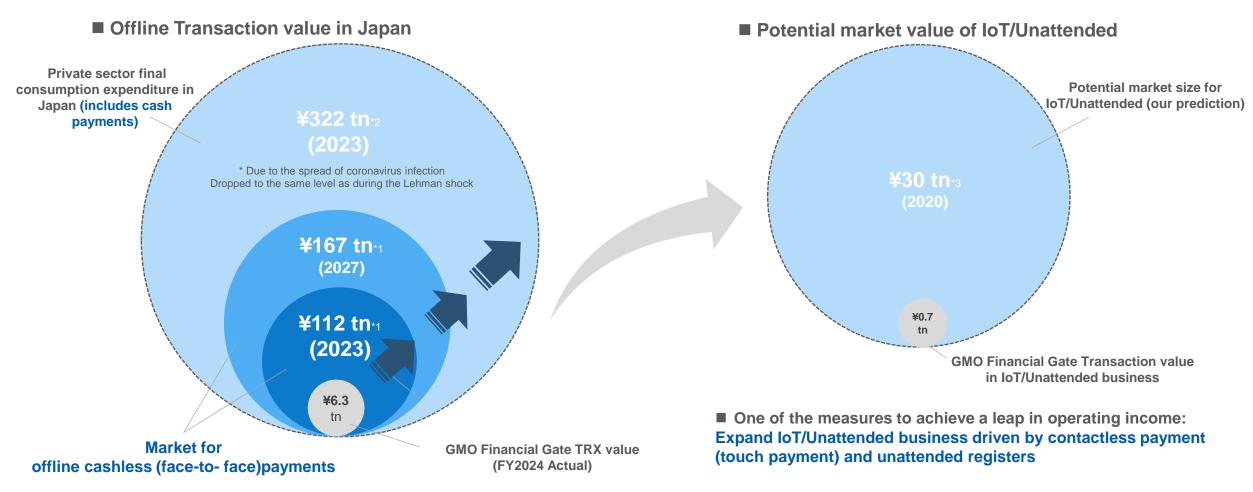


Providing solution assets to solve merchant business issues Forming a win-win ecosystem where merchant sales and our ARPU grow together





Transaction Value of cashless (face-to-face) payment is expanding rapidly, as the value of IoT / Unattended



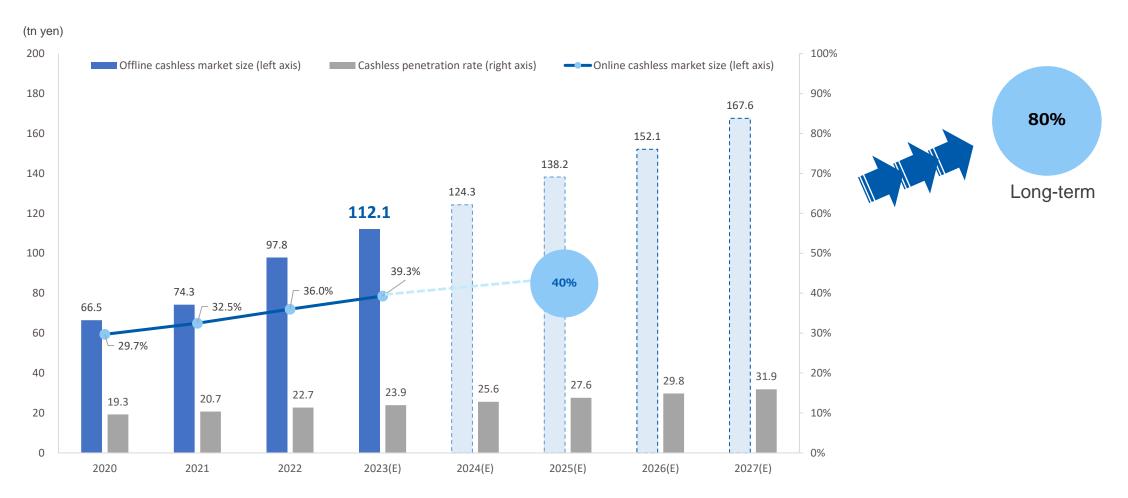
^{(*1) &}quot;2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" and "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd.

^{(*3) &}quot;Breakdown of Domestic Household Final Consumption Expenditure" by the Cabinet Office, Japan Vending Market," etc. The potential market size of unattended parking facilities is calculated based on the market size of buses/railways, hotels/inns, amusement, vending machines, and parking lots/EVs, which are the areas where IoT/Unattended is expected to grow in the future.



^{(*2) &}quot;Composition of Final Consumption Expenditures by Household Type" the Cabinet Office.

The market for offline cashless payments is currently ¥98 tn, four times larger than the online market. Cashless penetration is expected to rise driven by government-led cashless policies

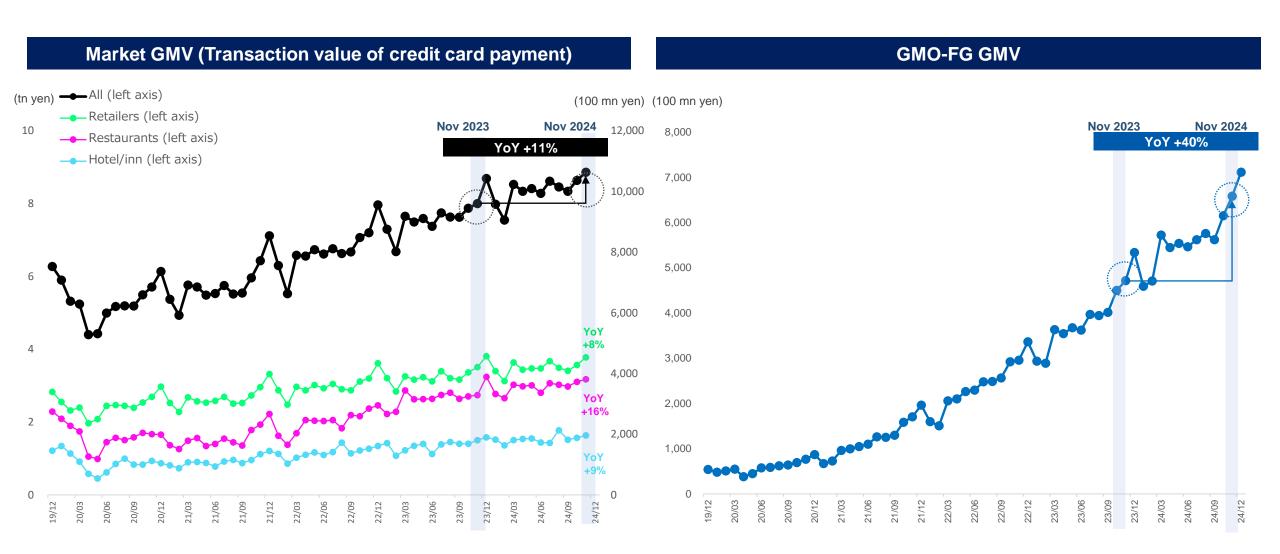


Source: Cashless payment ratio in 2023,METI

"2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" Yano Research Institute Ltd "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd.



Overall market growth is +11% YoY while GMO-FG grew +40% YoY, significantly exceeding macro trends





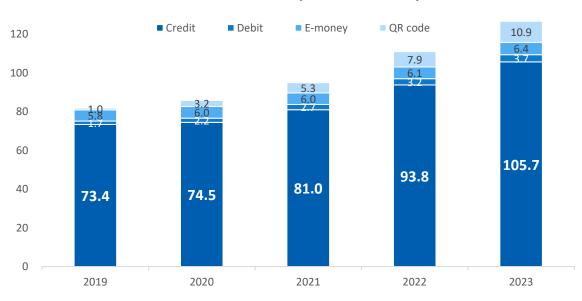
Even in an environment of significant growth in the proportion of QR codes, transaction value and volume of credit continue to grow

Transaction Value

140

Composition	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Credit	89.7%	86.8%	85.3%	84.5%	83.5%
Debit	2.1%	2.5%	2.8%	2.9%	2.9%
E-money	7.0%	7.0%	6.3%	5.5%	5.1%
QR code (tn yen)	1.2%	3.7%	5.6%	7.1%	8.6%

Transaction value(absolute value)



Transaction Volume

114.2

2019

50

0

Transaction volume						
Composition	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Credit	60.7%	58.2%	55.3%	53.7%	52.4%	
Debit	1.8%	2.2%	2.5%	2.5%	2.2%	
E-money	33.1%	27.1%	22.8%	19.9%	18.0%	
QR code (100 mn)	4.3%	12.4%	19.4%	23.9%	27.4%	
Transaction volume(absolute value)						
350	■ Credit	Debit E	-money QR o	code		
300					93.6	
250				70.4		
200	27.2	4	49.0	58.8	61.6	
8.2 150 62.3	59.2		57.4	7.4	7.4	
100	4.9		6.2		172 7	

139.4

2021

127.0

2020



2022

158.5

2023

000

Tickets

EV chargers

sweet treats

The number of terminals is expected to be equal to or greater than the market for payment terminals in real stores. Unattended market (= general term for vending/service machine market) is expected to expand further due to changes in the external environment such as a decrease in the working population





Self-checkout

machine (Golf/Hotel)

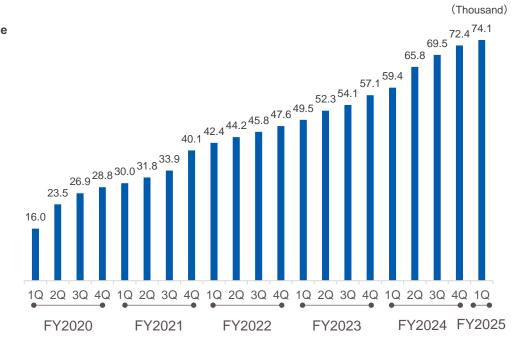
washing

Push factors associated with changes in the external environment



- · Labor-saving support
- · Obtaining inbound demand
- · Retailers moving into offices
- Revision of the Pro-Sales Act
- COVID-19

■ No of active IoT terminals





*Source: The Japan Vending System Manufacturers Association, Japan Ministry of Health Labor and Welfare, Yano Research Institute Ltd.

Our growth strategy is based on the perspective of "a payment platform that provides value to society as an infrastructure company supporting a cashless society". We develop growth strategies focusing on "value creation"

growth strategy

- Market Share Expansion Strategy
 Provision of multiple payment terminals, accumulation of solution assets through Vertical deployment
- Operating profit growth of +25% every fiscal year (Operating profit 2 billion in FY2025)

Value

- GMO Financial Gate pursues the value of existence
- Progressive, growth, profitability, immediacy, rationality, social, diversity



Mission

- We support value creation for our customers by demonstrating a high level of professionalism and encouraging them to take the initiative.
- We will contribute to the progress and development of society through our strong will to develop and create new markets and by conducting our business with integrity, fairness and honesty.



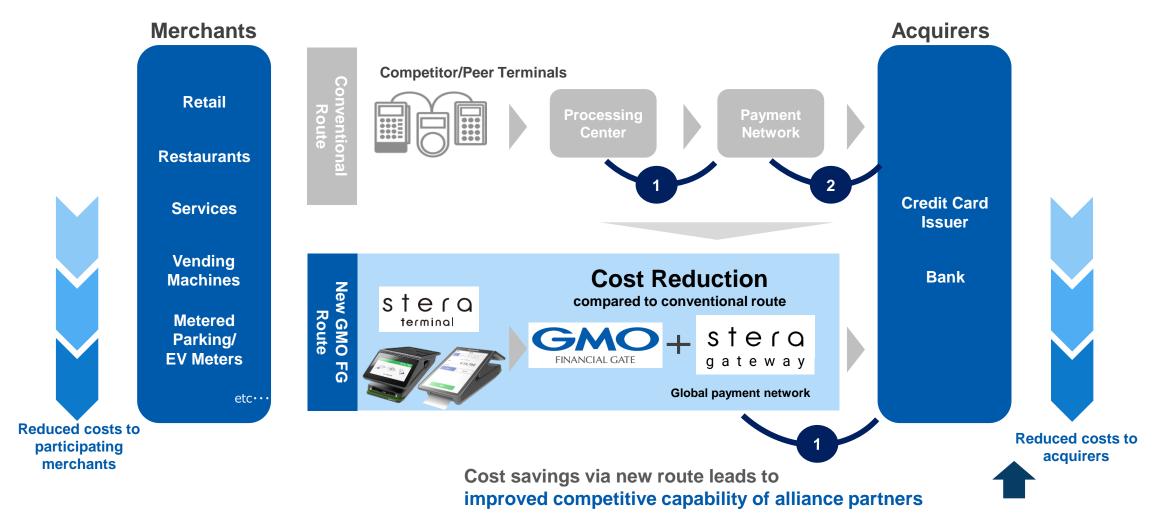
Vision

Revolutionizing Payments: Becoming the No. 1 Cashless Platformer that Transforms Society

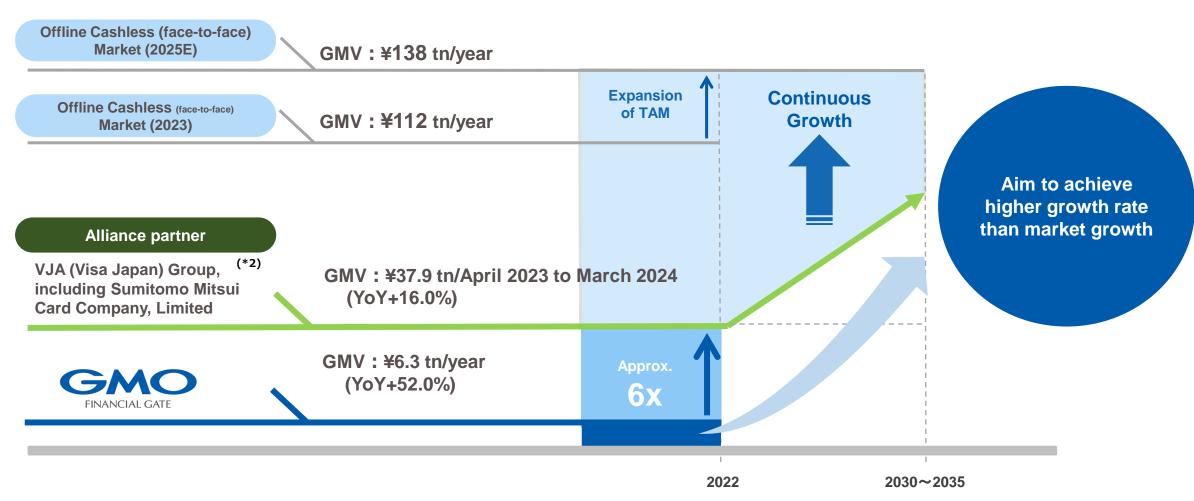




We created a new payment processing route with alliance partners. This route increases GMV, as the route reduces costs to participating merchants and acquirers



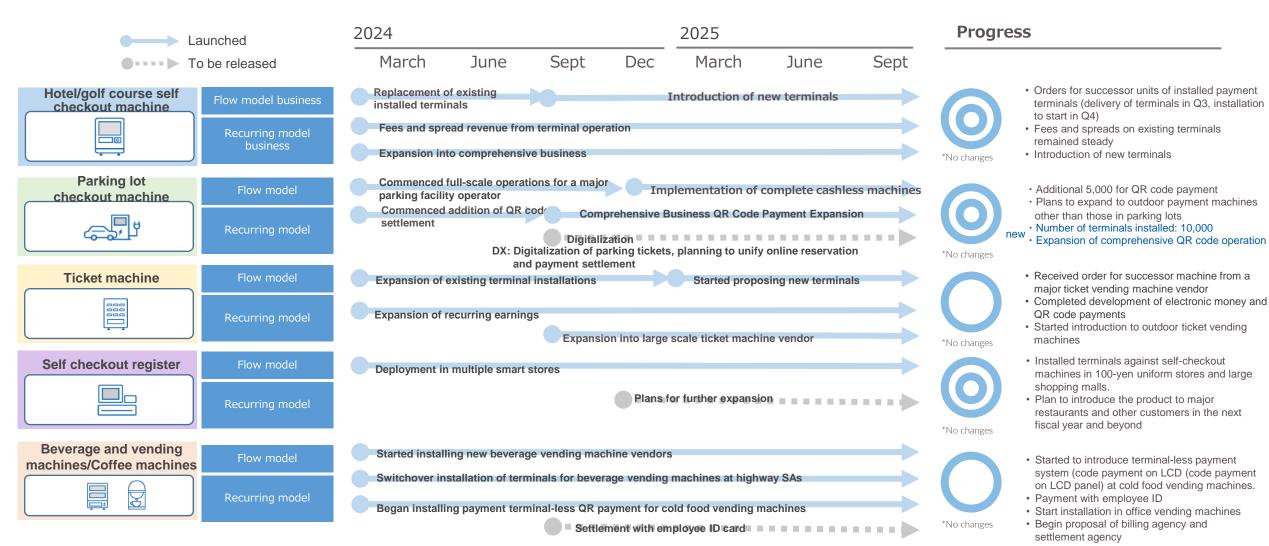
Due to cashless settlement penetration, TAM of our service scope has continuously expanded – New process network alliance partner will contribute to GMV increase



(*1) Source: "2024 Edition: Actual Status and Future Forecast of the Cashless Payment Market in Japan" and "2024 Edition: Current Status and Future Forecast of Online Payment Service Providers" Yano Research Institute Ltd. (*2) Source: VJA



Unmanned Terminals (IoT) has strengthened alliance initiatives in multiple areas Initiatives to monetize data is planned to materialize in the near future



Unique Positioning

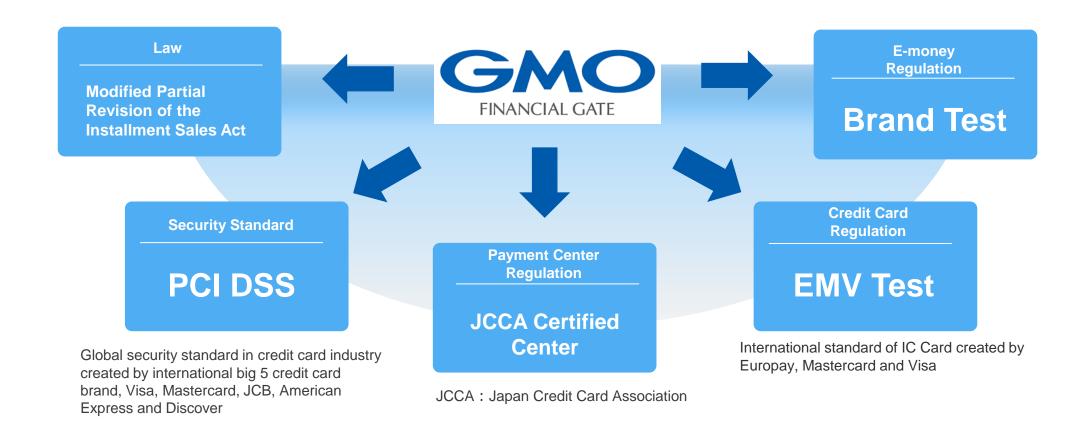
End-to-end solutions via one-stop platform allows us to create alliances with many players in the market

■ Solutions in Offline Payment Market Adaptation of Customization Payment Clearing/ Maintenance/ **Terminal** Top-End POS (Customize Payment Processing Settlement Adjustment Support Methods) Register Models FG N Leading payment network player R Major operating company Using their own registers only P Leading payment vendor



Barriers to Entry (Regulations to be Followed)

Many kinds of regulations exist in the face-to-face payment market depending on the payment method, and the number of regulations are increasing. As payment methods become more diversified, the barriers to entry become more challenging

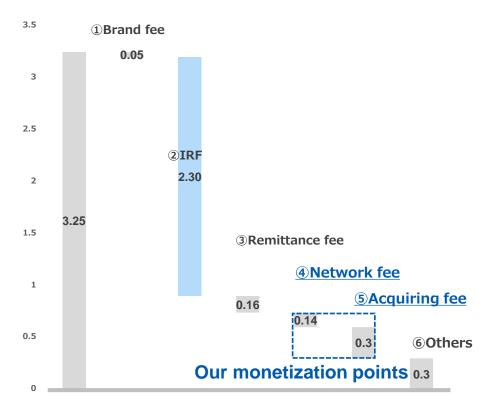


In response to a request from the Japan Fair Trade Commission, Visa, Mastercard, and UnionPay announced their intention to disclose their interchange fee rates by the end of November

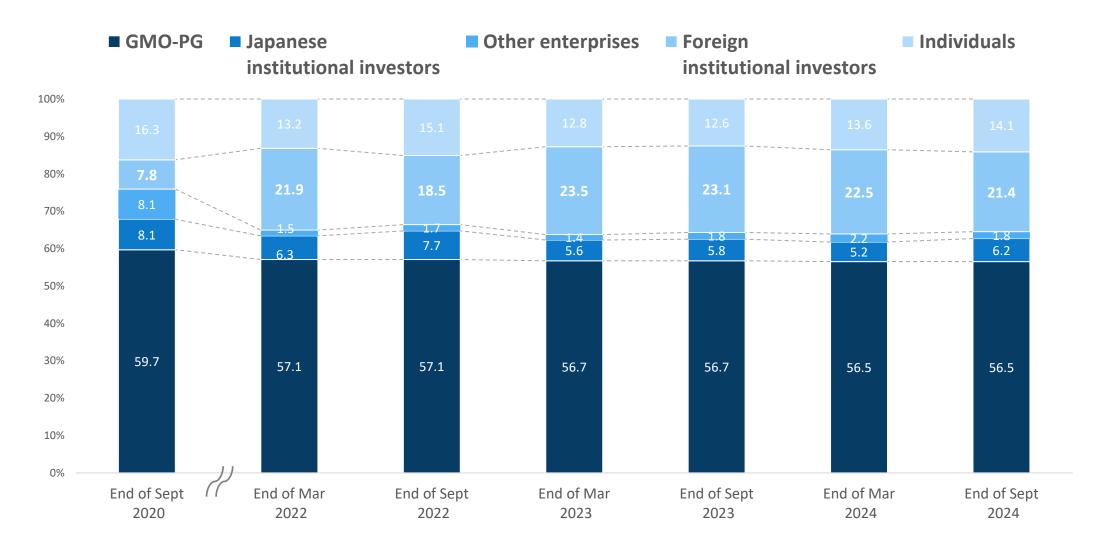
METI requires fee among credit card companies Fee among credit card companies is actually paid by merchants Brand fee 0.05% Brand fee 0.2% Internation al Brands Fee among card companies (Interchange fee) 2.3% Card Card Billing company company (Acquiring) (Issuing) Reimbursina Merchant fee 3.25% Payment Billina Reimbursing Billina Rate in longtail could be higher than this Goods/Service **Merchants** Consumers

Breakdown of MDR

(model case: AOV ¥5K SME merchant)

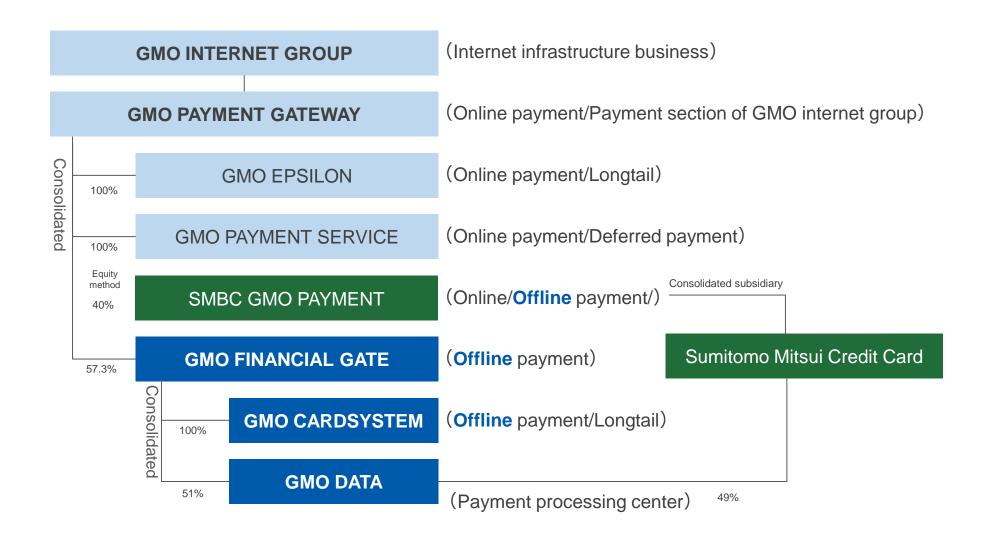


Actively engaged in IR activities for domestic and foreign institutional investors through 1-on-1 meetings and conference appearances, maintaining the ratio of foreign institutional investors at over 20%.





GMO-FG serves in offline face to face payment market as a consolidated subsidiary of GMO-PG





■ Company GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (TSE Growth Ticker:4051)

■ Foundation September 1999

■ Address Humax Shibuya Building 7F, Shibuya Dogenzaka 1-14-6, Tokyo

■ Stock Capital ¥1,638 mn(End of December 2024)

■ Major Shareholder GMO Payment Gateway, Inc.

■ Board Member Representative Director, President Kentaro Sugiyama

Director Akio Aoyama (Solution Partner Division Executive Manager)
Director Tomonaga Fukuda (IT Platform Division Executive Manager)
Director Tomoki Tamai (Corporate Support Division Executive Manager)

Director Tatsuya Koide (GMO Payment Gateway, Inc. Chief Managing Executive Officer)

External Director* Nao Shimamura External Director* Rie Asayama

External Director* Takayoshi Nagasawa

External Director* Satoru Ozawa

*Audit and Supervisory Committee Member

■ Auditing Firm Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC

■ Subsidiary GMO CARD SYSTEM, Inc. shareholding ratio:100% GMO CARD SYSTEM

GMO DATA, Inc. shareholding ratio: 51.0% (Mitsui Card Company, Limited:49.0%) GMO DATA

■ Business Cashless payment infrastructure service (credit card, debit card, e-money etc.)











Floor-Standing Model

Mobile Model

Embedded Model

POS Model

Terminal-less



Reference

Site name	URL
GMO Financial Gate	https://gmo-fg.com/
IR	https://gmo-fg.com/ir/
Sustainability	https://gmo-fg.com/sustainability/
Recruitment information	https://gmo-fg.com/recruit/
GMO Financial Gate (English)	https://gmo-fg.com/en/
GMO Payment Gateway	https://www.gmo-pg.com/
Cashless Roadmap 2024	https://paymentsjapan.or.jp/publications/20241225_rm2024/
Selected Service Industry Current Statistics Survey	https://www.meti.go.jp/statistics/tyo/tokusabido/index.html
Cashless payment ratio in 2023	https://www.meti.go.jp/press/2023/03/20240329006/20240329006.html
Statistics of foreign visitors to Japan	https://www.jnto.go.jp/statistics/data/visitors-statistics/



Thank you CMOFINANCIAL GATE

GMO Financial Gate, Inc. (TSE Growth 4051)

IR web site URL https://gmo-fg.com/en/index.html

